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## Problem Set 1

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1. Each of  $n$  people announces a number in the set  $\{1, \dots, K\}$ . A prize of 1000 rupees is split equally between all the people whose number is closest to  $2/3$  of the average number. Formulate this as a normal form game. Find an MSNE for the game. Is it unique? Justify.
2. Prove that the Rock-Paper-Scissors and Matching Pennies games have unique MSNEs.
3. Give an example of a normal form game which does not have any MSNE.
4. There are  $n$  departments in IIT Kharagpur. Each department can try to convince the Director to get a certain budget. If  $h_i$  is the number of hours of work put in by a department to make the proposal and  $c_i = w_i h_i^2$  is cost of this effort to the department, where  $w_i$  is a constant. When the effort levels of the departments are  $(h_1, h_2, \dots, h_n)$ , the total budget that gets allocated to all the departments is:

$$\alpha \sum_{i=1}^n h_i + \beta \prod_{i=1}^n h_i,$$

where  $\alpha, \beta$  are constants. Consider a game where the departments simultaneously and independently decide how many hours to spend on this effort. Show that an SDSE exists if and only if  $\beta = 0$ . Compute this equilibrium.

5. Consider the following variant of Prisoners' dilemma.

	NC	C
NC	$(-4, -4)$	$(-2, x)$
C	$(-x, -2)$	$(-x, -x)$

Find values of  $x$  for which

- (a) the profile (C,C) is a strongly dominant strategy equilibrium.
- (b) the profile (C,C) is a weakly dominant strategy equilibrium but not a strongly dominant strategy equilibrium.
- (c) the profile (C,C) is a not even a weakly dominant strategy equilibrium.

In each case, say whether it is possible to find such an  $x$ . Justify your answer in each case.

6. Compute a Nash equilibrium for the 2 person game with  $S_1 = [0, 1]$ ,  $S_2 = [3, 4]$  and

$$u_1(x, y) = -u_2(x, y) = |x - y| \quad \forall (x, y) \in [0, 1] \times [3, 4].$$

7. Compute PSNE for the following 2-player game.

	X	Y	Z
A	(6, 6)	(8, 20)	(0, 8)
B	(10, 0)	(5, 5)	(2, 8)
C	(8, 0)	(20, 0)	(4, 4)

8. Find the mixed strategy Nash equilibria for the following 2-player games.

(a)

	H	T
H	(1, 1)	(0, 1)
T	(1, 0)	(0, 0)

(b)

	A	B
A	(6, 2)	(0, 0)
B	(0, 0)	(2, 6)

If all numbers are multiplied by 2, will the equilibria change?

(c)

	A	B
A	(20, 0)	(0, 10)
B	(0, 90)	(20, 0)

9. An  $m \times m$  matrix is called a latin square if each row and each column is a permutation of  $(1, 2, \dots, m)$ . Compute pure strategy Nash equilibria, if they exist, of a two person game for which a latin square is the payoff matrix.
10. Suppose in a matrix game, the players have 3 strategies each. Which numbers among  $0, 1, 2, \dots, 9$  cannot be the total number PSNEs in the matrix game?
11. Construct a two player zero-sum game with  $S_1 = \{A, B, C\}$ ,  $S_2 = \{X, Y, Z\}$  with value  $= 1/2$  and such that the set of optimal strategies for the row player is exactly the set

$$\left\{ (\alpha, 1 - \alpha, 0) : \frac{3}{8} \leq \alpha \leq \frac{5}{8} \right\}.$$

12. Army  $A$  has a single plane with which it can strike one of three possible targets. Army  $B$  has one anti-aircraft gun that can be assigned to one of the targets. The value of target  $k$  is  $v_k$ , with  $v_1 > v_2 > v_3 > 0$ . Army  $A$  can destroy a target only if the target is undefended and  $A$  attacks it. Army  $A$  wishes to maximize the expected value of the damage and army  $B$  wishes to minimize it. Formulate the situation as a (strictly competitive) game and find its mixed strategy Nash equilibria.
13. Show that the payoffs in Nash equilibrium of a symmetric matrix game (matrix game with symmetric payoff matrix) will be equal to zero for each player.