## CS11002 Programming and Data Structures, Spring 2008 Class test 1

Total points: 20	February 05, 2008	Total time: 1 hour
Roll no: Name: _		Section:
Write your answers in the quest	tion paper itself. Be brief ar	nd precise. Answer <u>all</u> questions.
(a) Which one of the following is a va C variable: 2ab_c, Switch, xy#1, "rs	in the follow	nany times is the statement i *= i+1; (1× ving for loop executed? i=1; i<100; ++i) i *= i+1;
Ans:		
<pre>(b) The printf() function returns the characters it prints on stdout (screen) will be stored in count after the exect following code?   int count, n = 100;</pre>	. What value cution of the (g) How n	nany times is the loop condition i<100 the loop of Part (f)?
<pre>count = printf("\nn:%d\n",</pre>	n);	
Ans:	(h) What riables <b>a</b> and immediately	is the value stored in the variable <b>i</b> y after the loop of Part (f) terminates?
input I do not know?  char a, b;  scanf("%c do not %c", &a,		
Ans:	int a	s printed by the following code?  = 4, b = 6, c = 4;  > b < c) printf("A");  if (a > b) printf("B");
(d) If the number of bits in the memora computer is 16, what is the maximum addressable memory locations?	n number of else i	<pre>if (b &lt; c) printf("C"); printf("D");</pre>
Ans:	Ana	
<pre>(e) What values does the following co int m,n; m = n = 4; m *= 3/2; n = n * 3/2; printf("%d %d", m, n);</pre>	de print?  (j) What we shall the sha	value does the following code print?  ne N a*b  = 5, b = 10, c = 15;  E("%d",c/N);
Ans:	Ans:	

2. In the following C code segment, p, x and y are unsigned int variables. The code segment computes a function f(x,y) in the variable p. Determine f(x,y).

```
p = 0;
while (y != 0) {
   if (y % 2) p += x;
   x *= 2; y /= 2;
}
```

3. For a real number x, the notation  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  stands for the largest integer less than or equal to x. For example,  $\lfloor \pi \rfloor = 3$  and  $\lfloor 3 \rfloor = 3$ . You are to write a program that reads a positive integer n and an integral base  $b \geqslant 2$ . The program computes and prints the value of  $\lfloor \log_b n \rfloor$ . For example,  $\log_{23} 456789 = 4.1562752022\ldots$  and so  $\lfloor \log_{23} 456789 \rfloor = 4$ . Therefore, upon input n = 456789 and b = 23, your program should print 4.

Complete the following C program so as to achieve this goal. You are <u>not allowed</u> to use any math library call (like log, log10 or floor). Do not make any floating point calculations. Do not write any function (other than main). You may, however, declare and use some additional int variables (but no arrays). (6)

```
printf("The integer logarithm of %d to base %d is %d\n", n, b, t);
}
```