



GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

# Computational and Digital Geometry

Convex Hulls and Ortho-convex Hulls

**Partha Bhowmick**

*Associate Professor*

Department of Computer Science and Engineering  
Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur  
India

NIT Durgapur

23 Jan 2014



# Convex hull

GEOMETRY

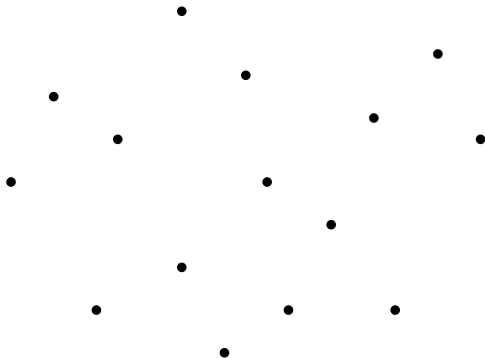
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Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



**Input:** Point set  $P$  on  $xy$ -plane.



# Convex hull

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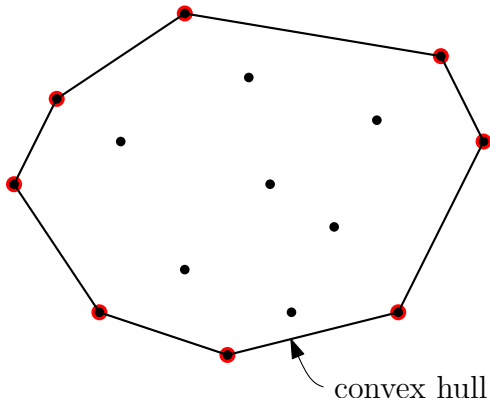
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**Output:** Convex hull,  $\mathcal{C}_P =$  a sequence of vertices/edges.



# Convex hull

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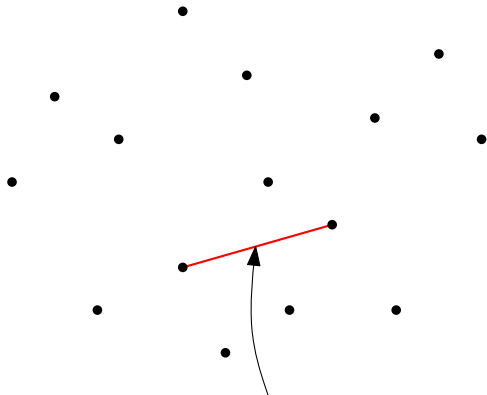
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Edge of  $\mathcal{C}_P$ ?



# Convex hull

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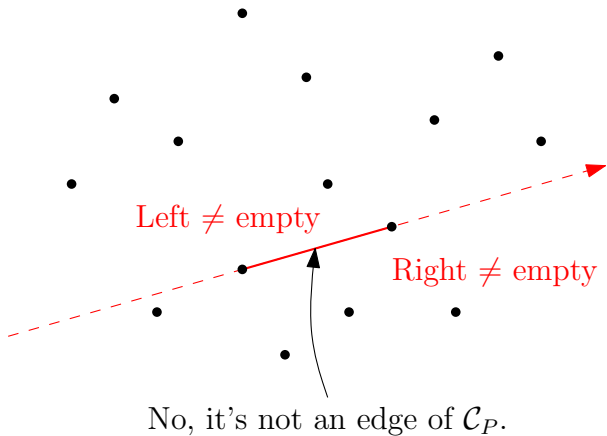
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# Convex hull

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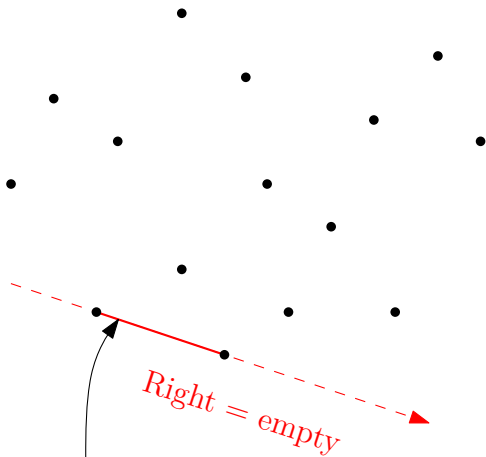
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Yes, it's an edge of  $\mathcal{C}_P$ .



# Convex hull

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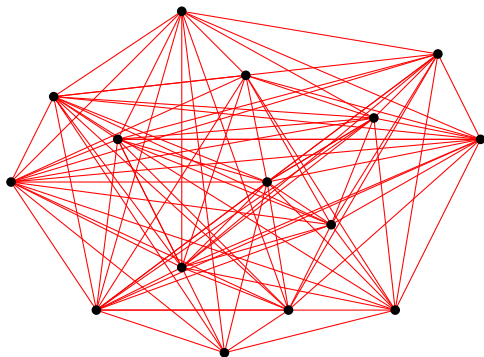
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$$|P| = n \Rightarrow O(n^2) \text{ pairs} \Rightarrow O(n^3) \text{ time}$$



# Convex hull

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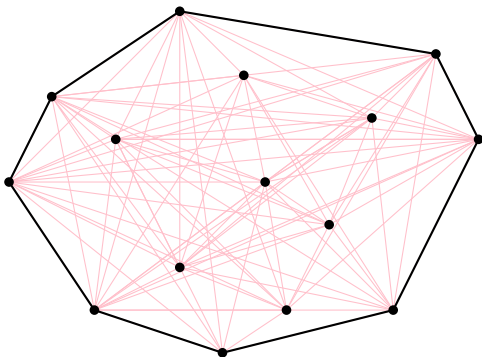
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$|\mathcal{C}_P| = O(n)$ :  $O(n^3)$  time is quite high!





# Better observations

GEOMETRY

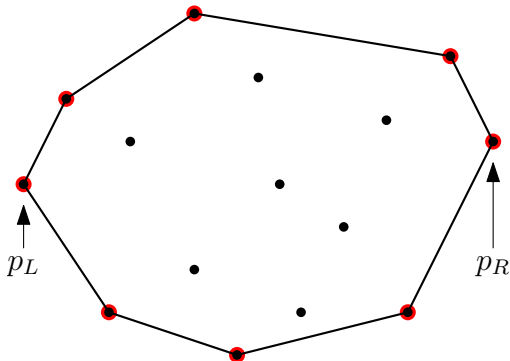
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## Obs 1

The leftmost point  $p_L$  and the rightmost point  $p_R$  of  $P$  form the leftmost and the rightmost vertices of  $\mathcal{C}_P$ .



# Better observations

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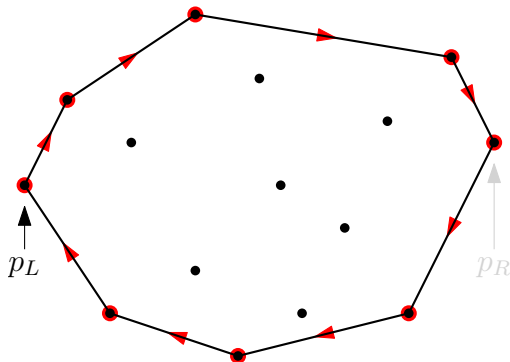
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## Obs 2

Clockwise traversal along the boundary of  $\mathcal{C}_P$  always yields a **right turn** at each vertex of  $\mathcal{C}_P$ .



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## The clue

Use **turn type** to decide whether a triplet of points forms a pair of consecutive edges of  $\mathcal{C}_P$ .

But how?

We have  $O(n^3)$  triplets of points!

We can avoid checking so many triplets if we use **incremental approach**.



# Better observations

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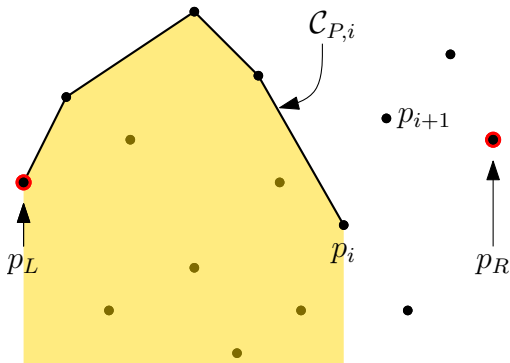
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## A question

Let  $\mathcal{C}_{P,i}$  = vertices of upper hull up to  $p_i$ .

Then what's the relation between  $\mathcal{C}_{P,i+1}$  and  $\mathcal{C}_{P,i}$ ?





# Better observations

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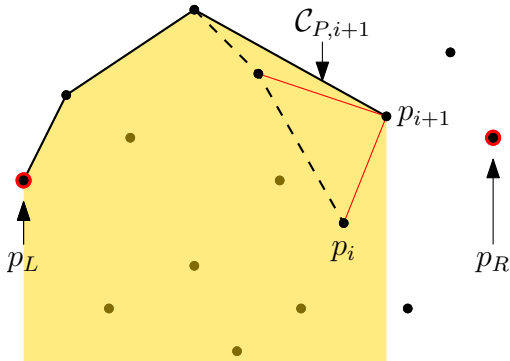
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**The answer**

$$\mathcal{C}_{P,i+1} \subseteq \mathcal{C}_{P,i} \cup \{p_{i+1}\}.$$

*It's a strong observation  $\Rightarrow$  Incremental algorithm!*





# Incremental algorithm: *Graham scan*

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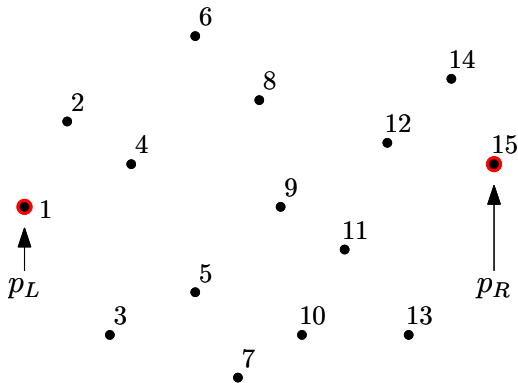
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After lexicographic sorting  
( $x =$  primary key,  $y =$  secondary key)



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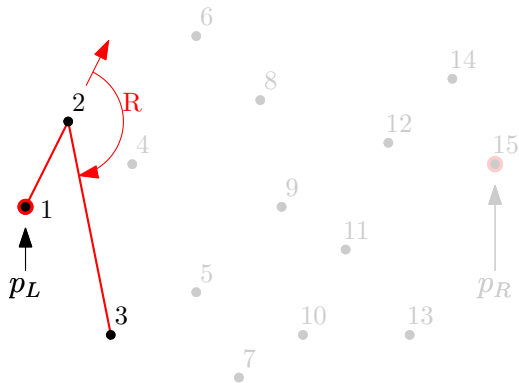
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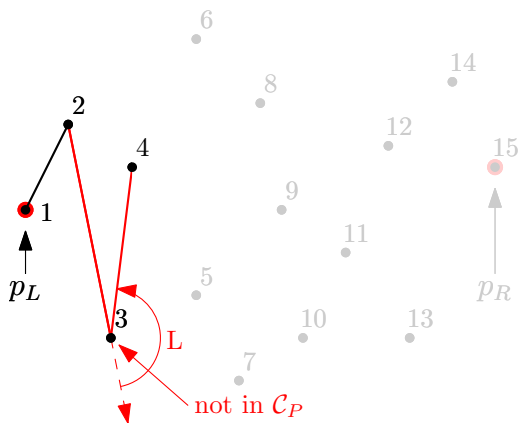
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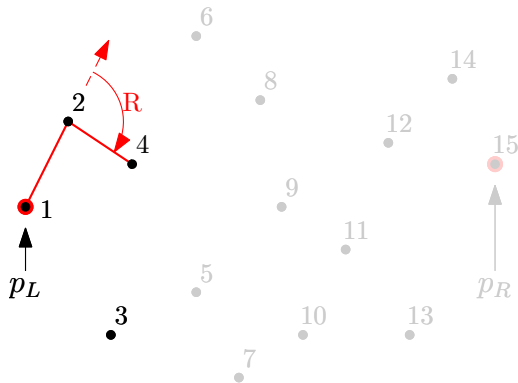
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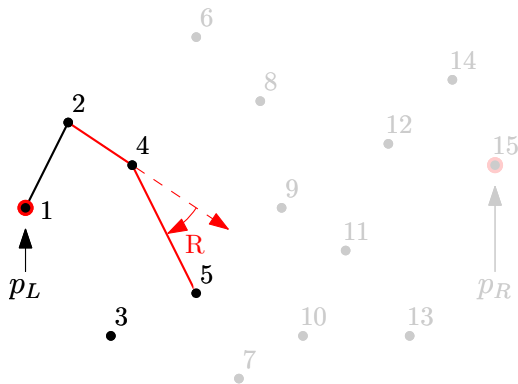
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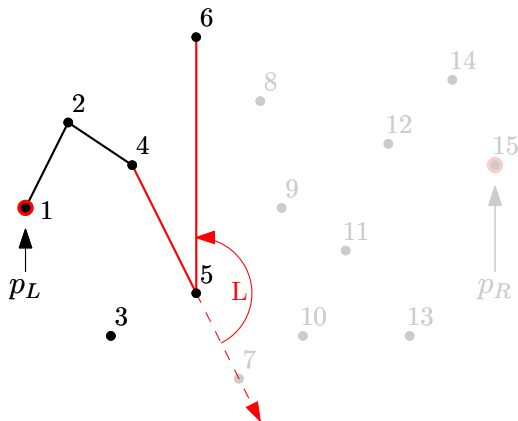
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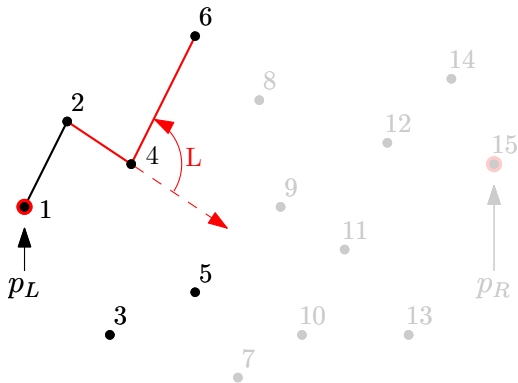
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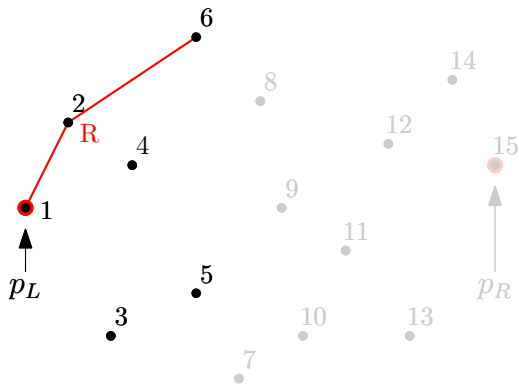
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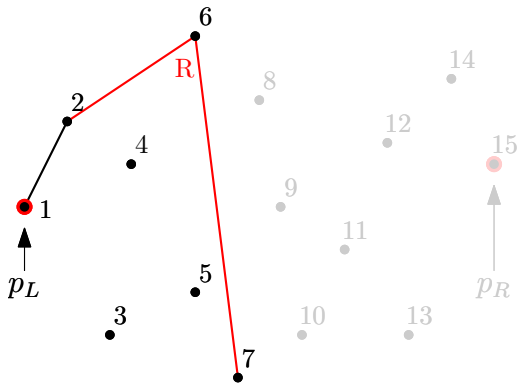
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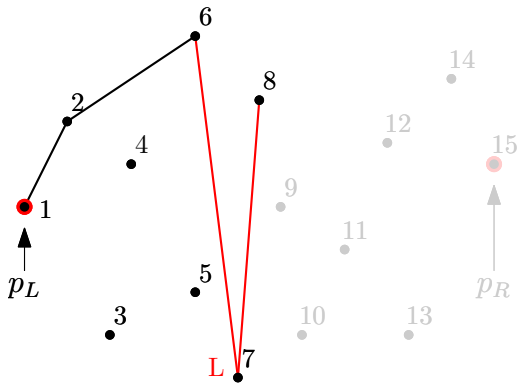
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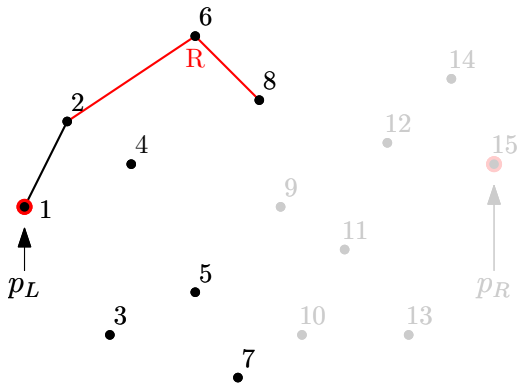
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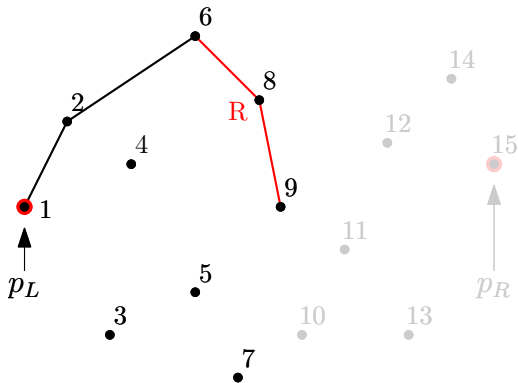
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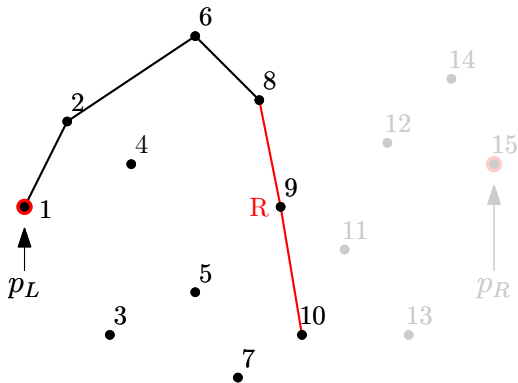
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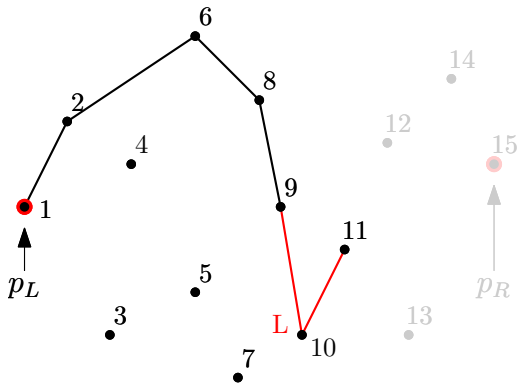
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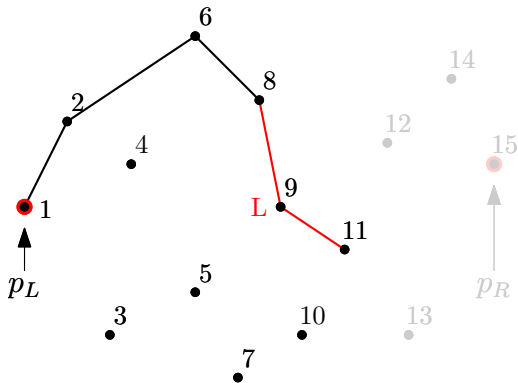
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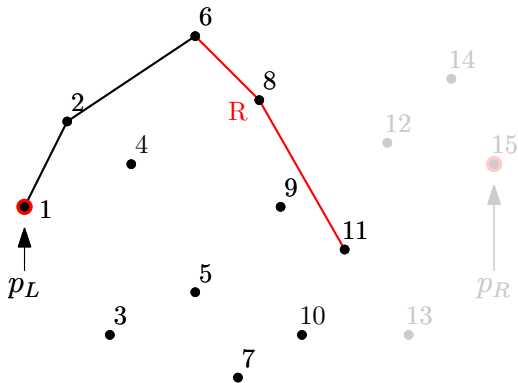
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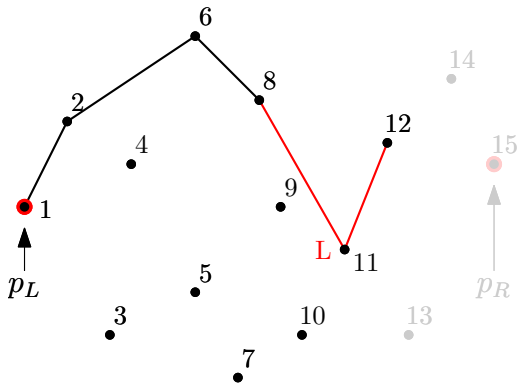
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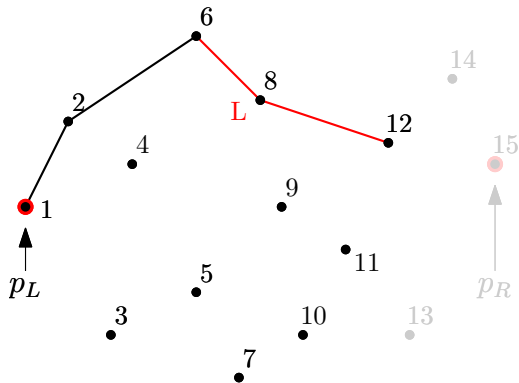
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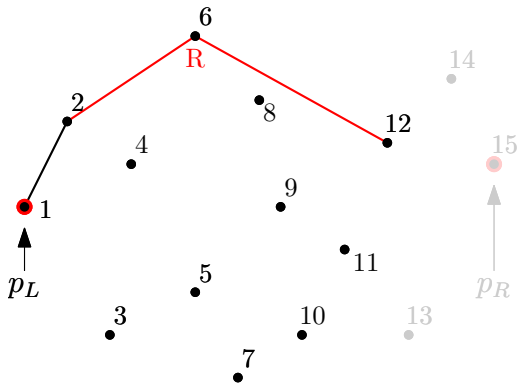
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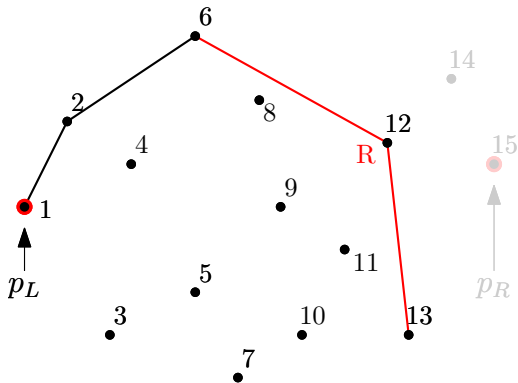
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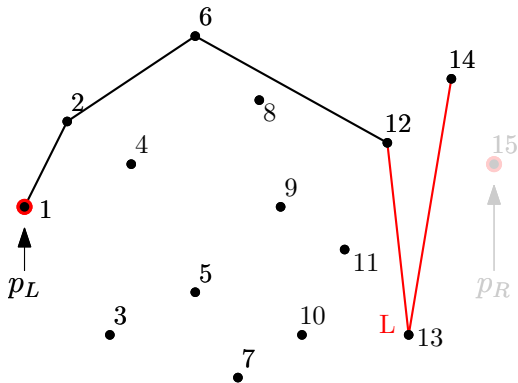
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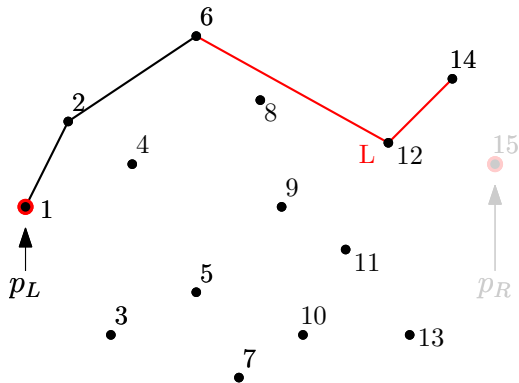
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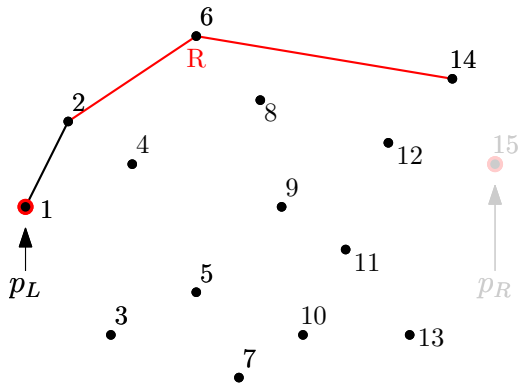
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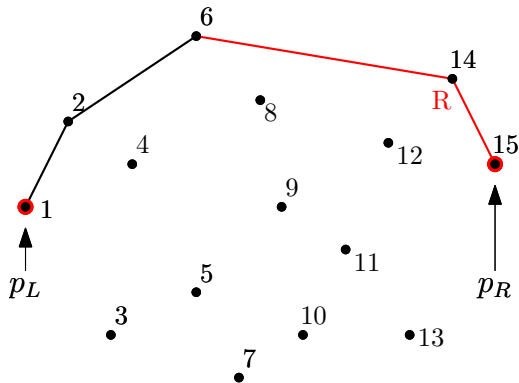
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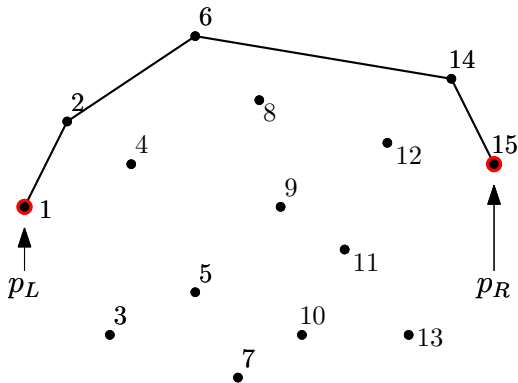
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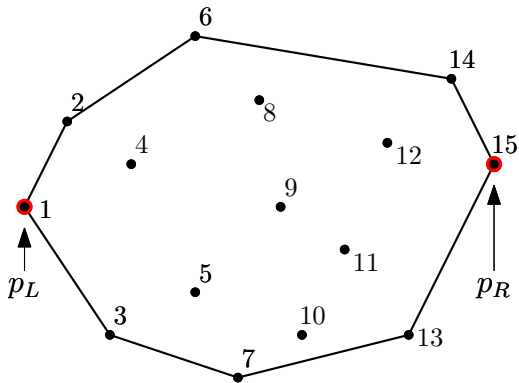
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# Time complexity

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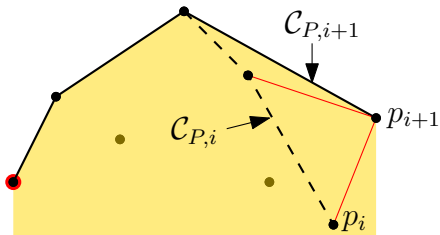
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Let  $p_j \in \mathcal{C}_{P,i}$ .

If  $p_j \notin \mathcal{C}_{P,i+1}$ , then  $p_j \notin \mathcal{C}_{P,i+2}, p_j \notin \mathcal{C}_{P,i+3}, \dots, p_j \notin \mathcal{C}_{P,n}$ ,  
since  $\mathcal{C}_{P,i+1} \subseteq \mathcal{C}_{P,i} \cup \{p_{i+1}\}$ .

So, once  $p_j$  is removed from the upper hull, it's never reconsidered.





# Time complexity

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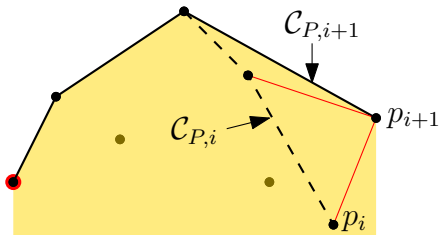
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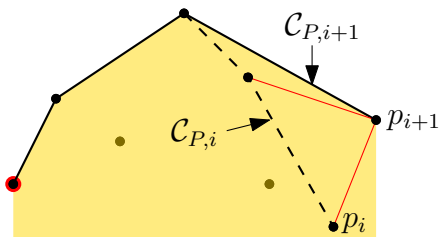
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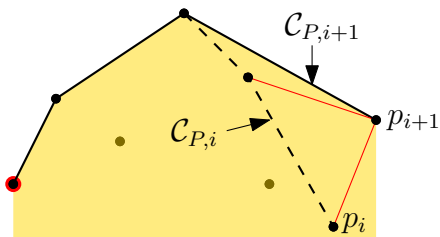
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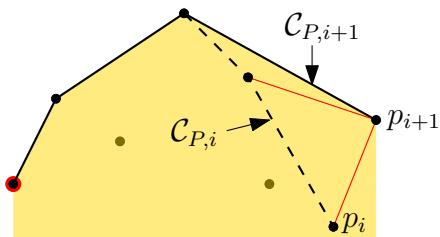
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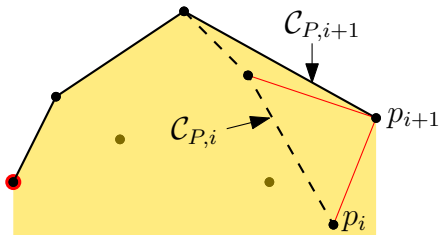
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*Data structure:* Stack, whose *top* =  $p_i$ .

If top two vertices in stack and  $p_{i+1}$  do not form a right turn at  $p_i$ , then  $p_i$  is popped out for ever!

$\Rightarrow$  #pushes =  $n$  and #pops  $< n$

$\Rightarrow T(n) = O(n) \leftarrow$  no best, average, or worst case!

For lexicographic sorting, it takes  $O(n \log n)$  time.



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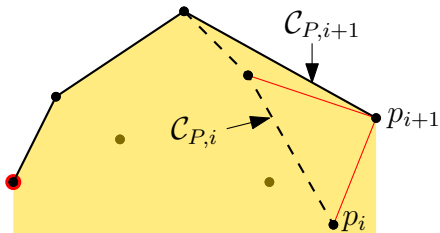
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# Time complexity

GEOMETRY

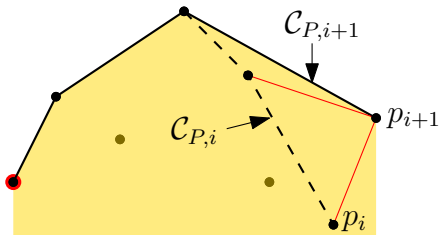
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



*Data structure: Stack*, whose *top* =  $p_i$ .

If top two vertices in stack and  $p_{i+1}$  do not form a right turn at  $p_i$ , then  $p_i$  is popped out for ever!

$\Rightarrow$  #pushes =  $n$  and #pops  $< n$

$\Rightarrow T(n) = O(n)$   $\leftarrow$  no best, average, or worst case!

For lexicographic sorting, it takes  $O(n \log n)$  time.



# Time complexity

GEOMETRY

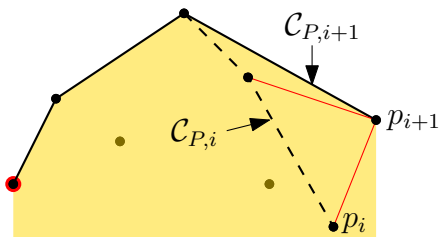
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



*Data structure: Stack*, whose *top* =  $p_i$ .

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# Time complexity

GEOMETRY

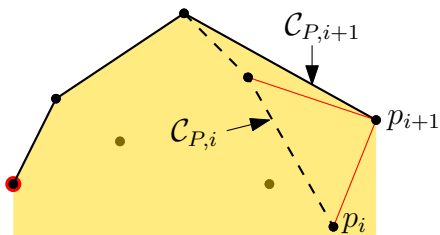
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



*Data structure: Stack*, whose *top* =  $p_i$ .

If top two vertices in stack and  $p_{i+1}$  do not form a right turn at  $p_i$ , then  $p_i$  is popped out for ever!

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$\Rightarrow T(n) = O(n)$   $\leftarrow$  no best, average, or worst case!

For lexicographic sorting, it takes  $O(n \log n)$  time.



# Reference of Algorithms

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

- ➊ **Incremental** —  $O(n \log n)$   $\triangleright n = \# \text{points}$   
R. Graham, An Efficient Algorithm for Determining the Convex Hull of a Finite Point Set, *Info. Proc. Letters*, **1**, pp.132–133, 1972.
- ➋ **Gift wrapping** —  $O(nh)$   $\triangleright h = \# \text{hull vertices}$   
R. A. Jarvis, On the Identification of the Convex Hull of a Finite Set of Points in the Plane, *Info. Proc. Letters*, **2**, pp.18–21, 1973.
- ➌ **Divide and Conquer** —  $O(n \log n)$   
F. P. Preparata and S. J. Hong, Convex Hulls of Finite Sets of Points in Two and Three Dimensions, *Commun. ACM*, **20**, pp.87–93, 1977.
- ➍ **Marriage before Conquest** —  $O(n \log h)$   
D. G. Kirkpatrick and R. Seidel, The Ultimate Planar Convex Hull Algorithm?, *SIAM J. Comput.*, **15**, pp.287–299, 1986.
- ➎ **Simpler optimal output-sensitive** —  $O(n \log h)$   
T. M. Chan, Optimal Output-Sensitive Convex Hull Algorithms in Two and Three Dimensions, *Discrete & Computational Geometry*, **16**, pp.361–368, 1996.



# Convex hull of a polygon

GEOMETRY

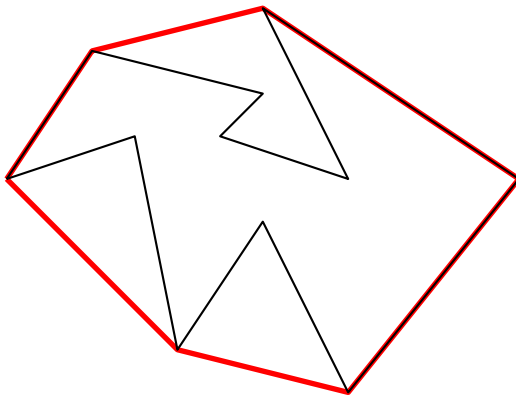
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result





# Linear-time algorithms

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

- 1 1979 McCallum-Avis, IPL
- 2 1983 Lee, Intl. J. Computers & Info. Sc.
- 3 1983 Graham-Yao, J. Algorithms
- 4 1983 ElGindy-Avis-Toussaint, Computing
- 5 1984 Bhattacharya-ElGindy, IEEE Trans. Info. Thy.
- 6 1985 Preparata-Shamos, Computational Geometry, Ch. 4
- 7 1985 Orlowski, Pattern Rec.
- 8 1986 Shin-Woo, Pattern Rec.
- 9 1987 Melkman, IPL



# Convex Hull versus Orthogonal Hull

GEOMETRY

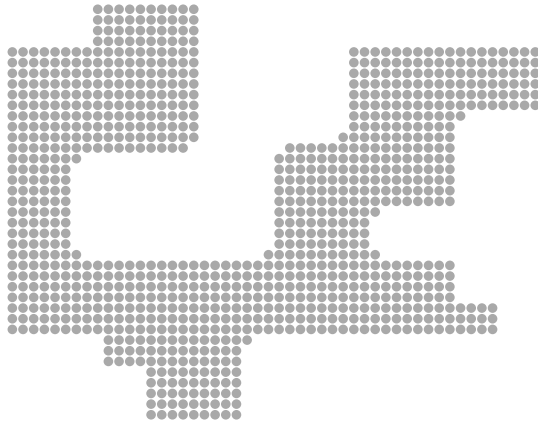
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Digital object

( $A =$  set/connected component of *integer points*)



# Convex Hull versus Orthogonal Hull

GEOMETRY

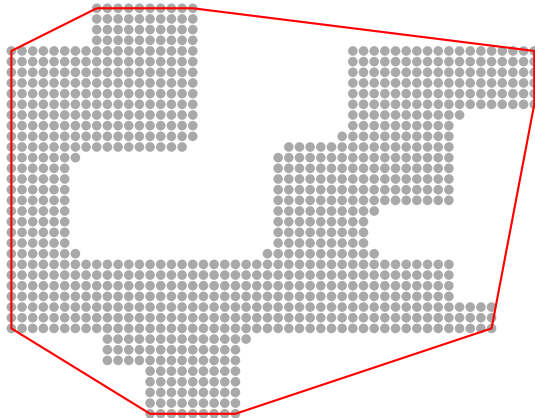
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Convex hull  $\mathcal{C}_A$



# Convex Hull versus Orthogonal Hull

GEOMETRY

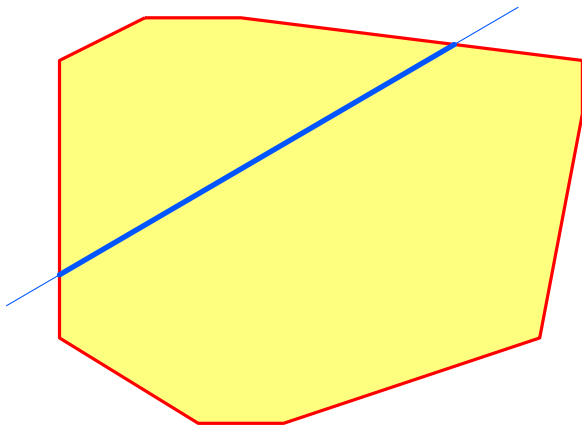
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Any straight line has at most one segment of intersection  
(a necessary property)



# Convex Hull versus Orthogonal Hull

GEOMETRY

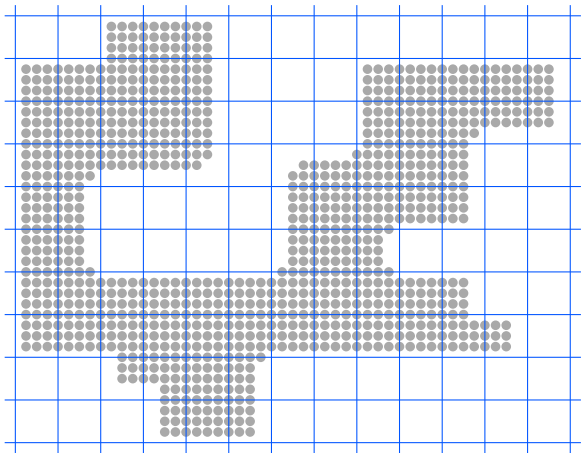
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
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Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Object  $A$  imposed on a grid  $G$  of size  $g = 4$





# Convex Hull versus Orthogonal Hull

GEOMETRY

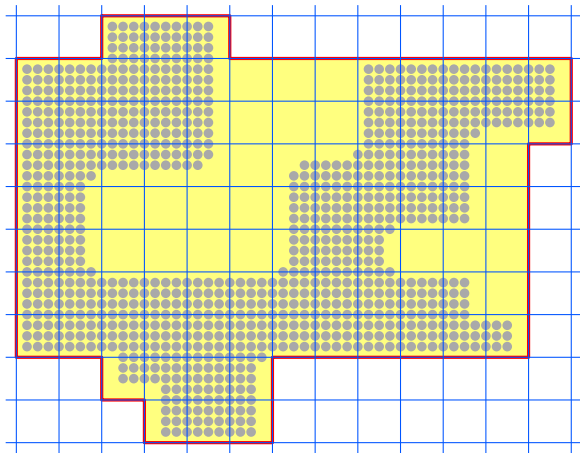
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Orthogonal hull  $\mathbb{C}_A$



# Convex Hull versus Orthogonal Hull

GEOMETRY

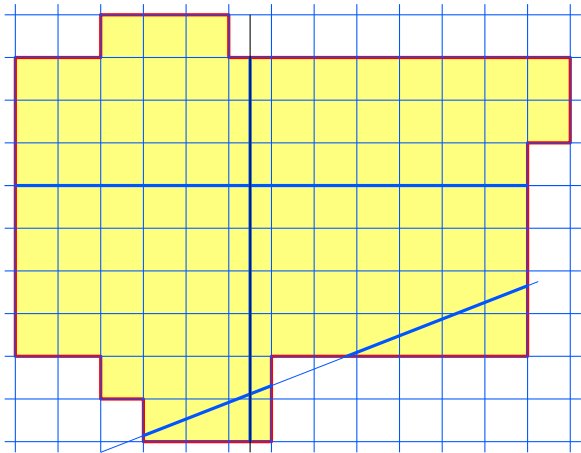
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Any **horizontal or vertical line** has at most one segment of intersection (a necessary property)



# Observations

GEOMETRY

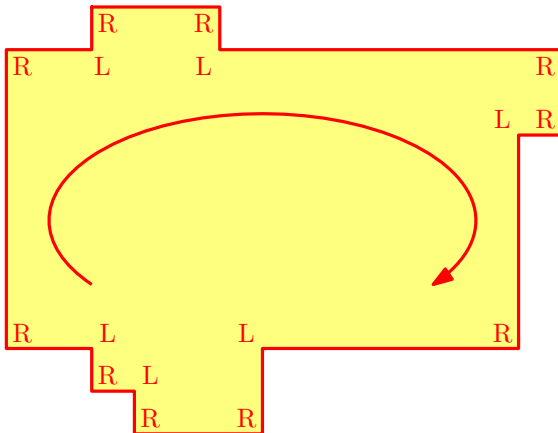
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Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



There are both left and right turns!  
(clockwise)





# Observations

GEOMETRY

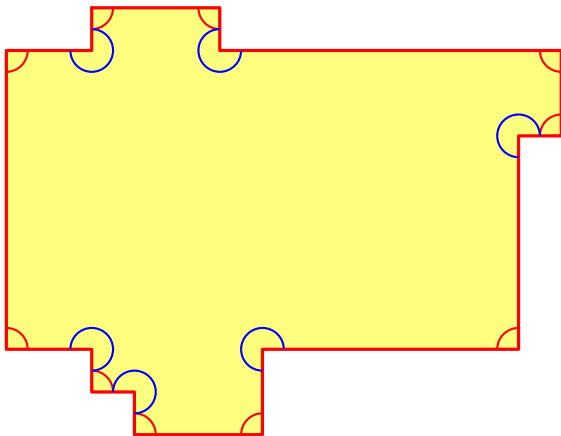
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



or,  $90^0$  (Type 1) and  $270^0$  (Type 3) vertices



# Observations

GEOMETRY

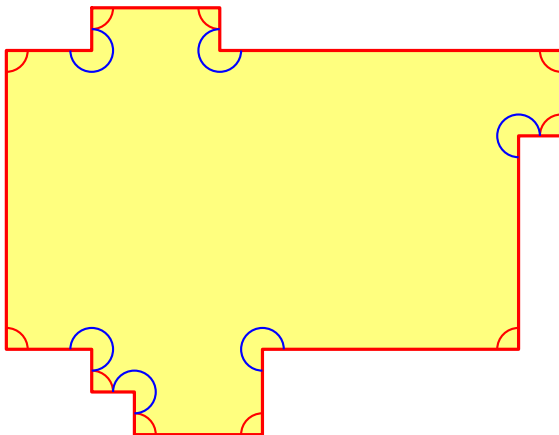
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



But no two consecutive Type 3 vertices



# Observations

GEOMETRY

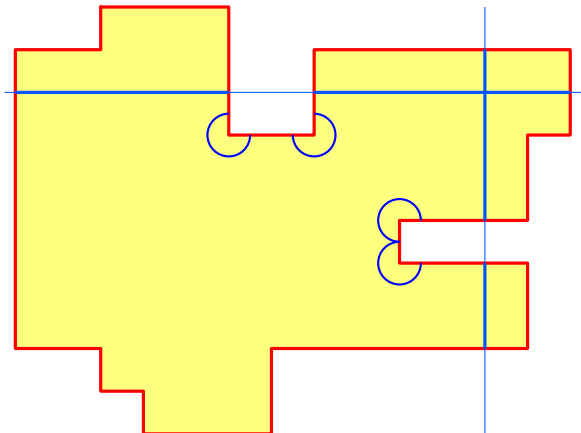
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Two consecutive Type 3 vertices defy the necessary property  
of line intersection



# Algorithm

GEOMETRY

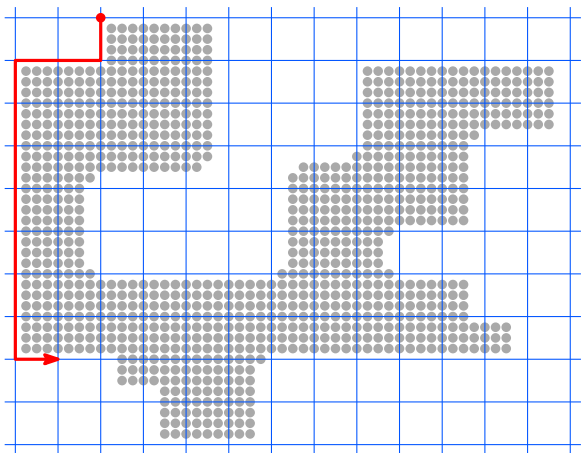
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Step 1: Traverse the border of **isothetic cover** of  $A$





# Algorithm

## GEOMETRY

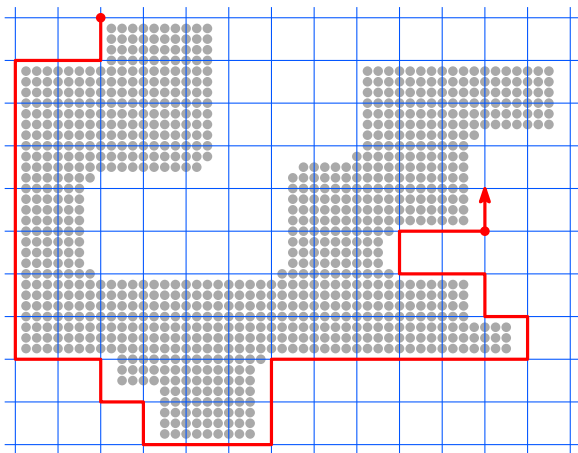
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Step 2: If 33, then process to remove the concavity.



# Algorithm

## GEOMETRY

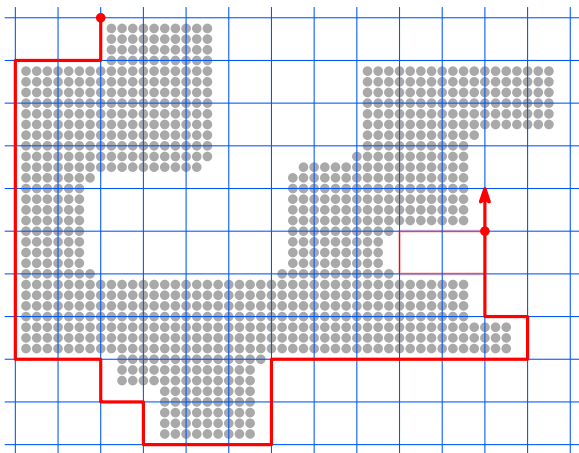
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Step 2: If 33, then process to remove the concavity.



# Algorithm

## GEOMETRY

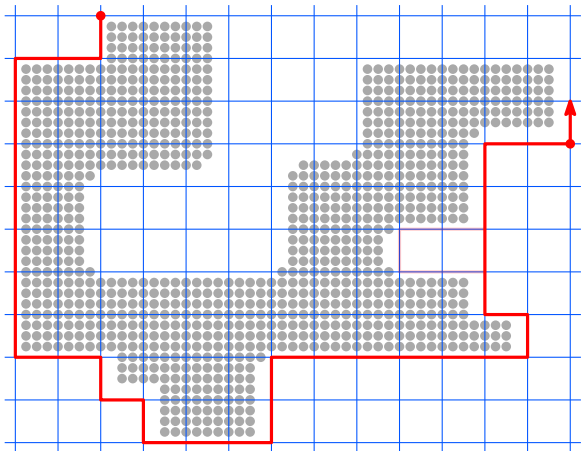
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Step 2: If 33, then process to remove the concavity.



# Algorithm

## GEOMETRY

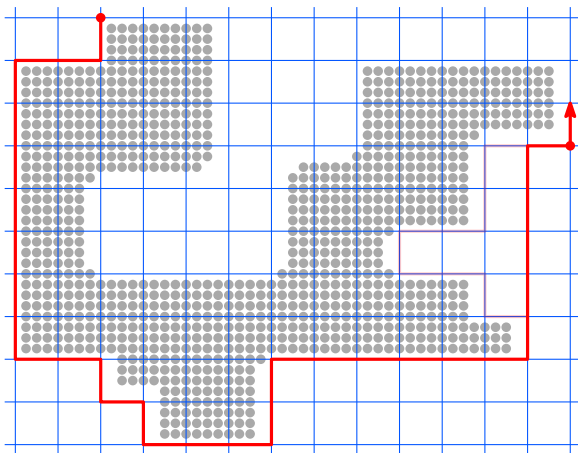
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Step 2: If 33, then process to remove the concavity.



# Combinatorial cases

GEOMETRY

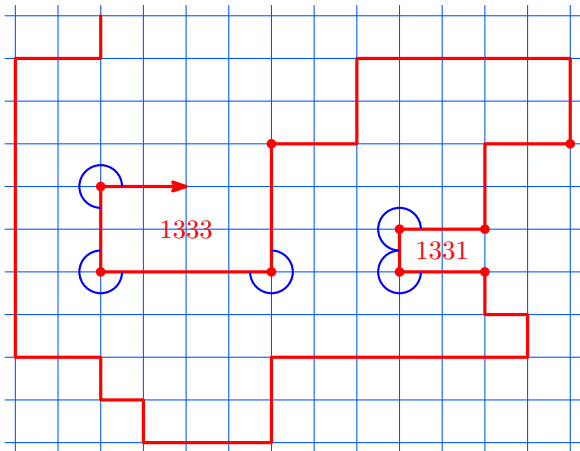
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Just 1331 and 1333 (= 1333<sup>+</sup>)



# Pattern 1331

(1)

GEOMETRY

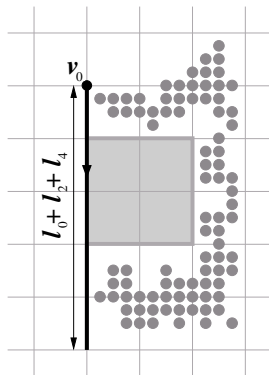
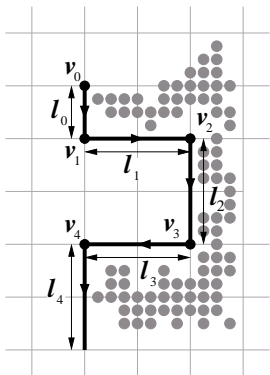
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



**Rule R11** ( $l_1 = l_3$ ):

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3), v_4(\mathbf{1}, l_4) \rangle \rightarrow \langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0 + l_2 + l_4) \rangle$$



# Pattern 1331

(2)

GEOMETRY

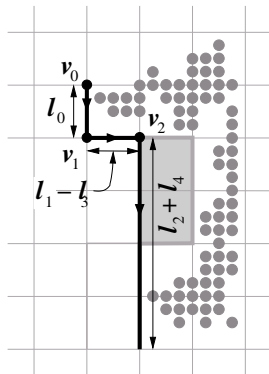
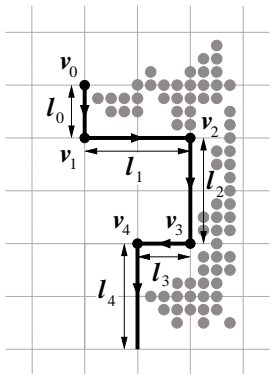
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



**Rule R12** ( $l_1 > l_3$ ):

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3), v_4(\mathbf{1}, l_4) \rangle \rightarrow \langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1 - l_3), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2 + l_4) \rangle$$



GEOMETRY

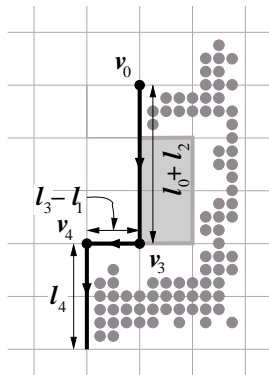
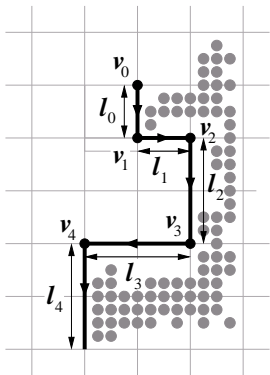
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



**Rule R13** ( $l_1 < l_3$ ):

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3), v_4(\mathbf{1}, l_4) \rangle \rightarrow \langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0 + l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3 - l_1), v_4(\mathbf{1}, l_4) \rangle$$





# Pattern 1333

(1)

GEOMETRY

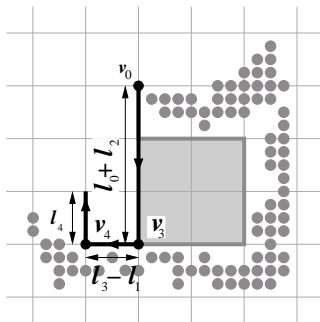
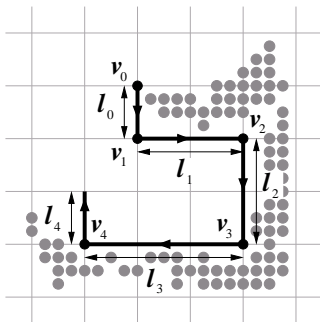
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



**Rule R21** ( $l_1 < l_3$ ):

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3), v_4(\mathbf{3}, l_4) \rangle \rightarrow \langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0 + l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3 - l_1), v_4(\mathbf{3}, l_4) \rangle$$



# Pattern 1333

(2)

GEOMETRY

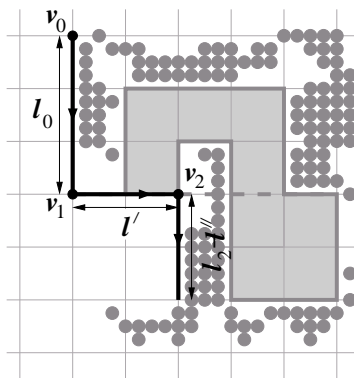
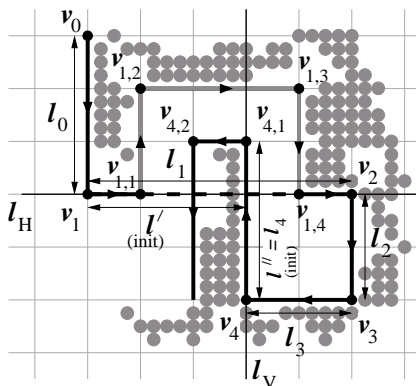
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Let  $v =$  current vertex (under traversal).

$l_H =$  horizontal line thru'  $v_2$ ,  $l_V =$  vertical line thru'  $v_4$ .

$l_H^- \cap l_V^- =$  region lying below  $l_H$  and left of  $l_V$ .

**if**  $v \in l_H^- \cap l_V^-$ , **then** apply **R22**; **else** traverse ahead to get  $v$ .



GEOMETRY

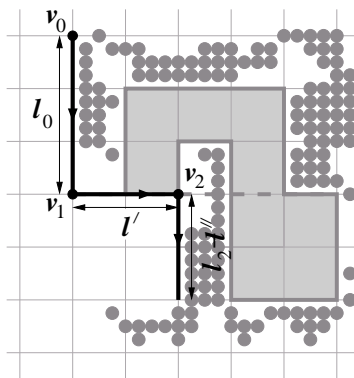
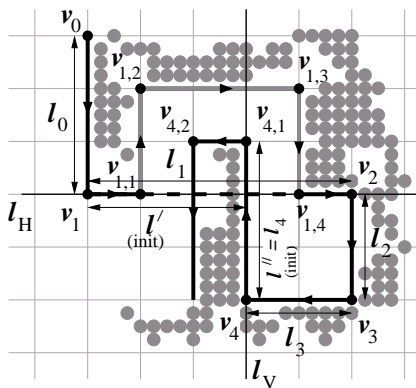
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



**Rule R22** ( $l_1 \geq l_3$  and  $d = d_2$ ):

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3), v_4(\mathbf{3}, l_4) \rangle \rightarrow$$

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l'), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2 - l'') \rangle$$

$d =$  direction from  $v$ ,  $d_2 =$  direction from  $v_2$ .



GEOMETRY

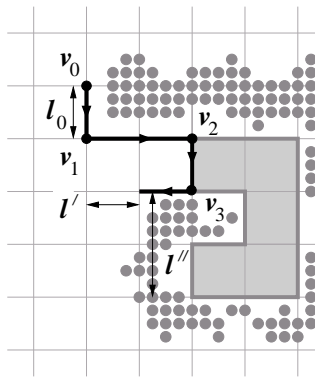
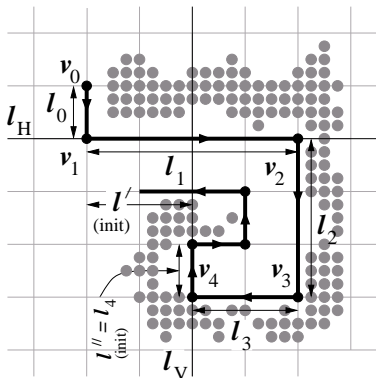
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



if  $v \in l_H^- \cap l_V^-$ , then apply **R23**; else traverse ahead to get  $v$ .

**Rule R23** ( $l_1 \geq l_3$  and  $d = d_3$ ):

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1), v_2(\mathbf{3}, l_2), v_3(\mathbf{3}, l_3), v_4(\mathbf{3}, l_4) \rangle \rightarrow$$

$$\langle v_0(\mathbf{t}_0, l_0), v_1(\mathbf{1}, l_1 - l_3), v_2(\mathbf{3}, (l_2 - l'')), v_3(\mathbf{3}, (l_1 - l_3 - l')) \rangle$$



# Demo

GEOMETRY

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Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result





# Demo

GEOMETRY

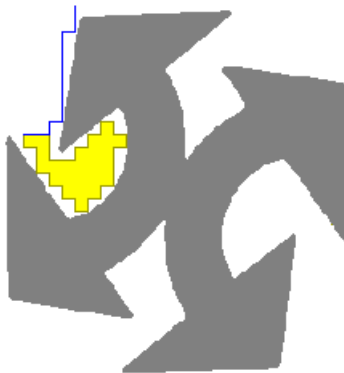
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

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hull

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Algorithm  
Result





# Demo

GEOMETRY

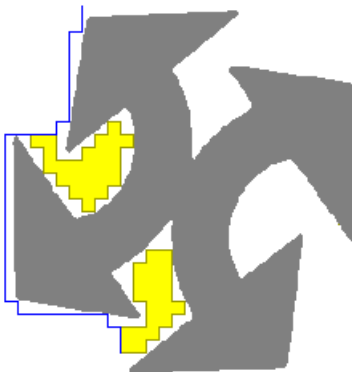
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

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Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result





# Demo

GEOMETRY

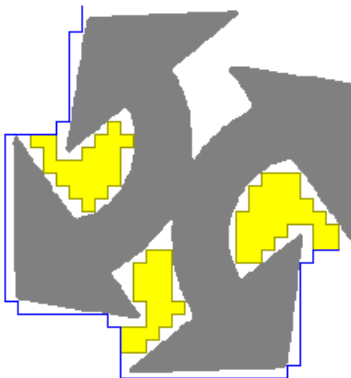
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

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Algorithm  
Result







# Demo

GEOMETRY

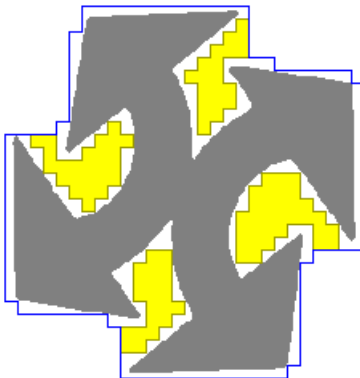
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Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result





# Time Complexity

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

Let  $n = \#$ points on object border,  $g =$  grid size.

- 1 Checking object containment in a cell:  $O(g)$  time.
- 2 #grid points visited:  $O(n/g)$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Visiting all vertices:  $O(n/g) \cdot O(g) = O(n)$  time.
- 3 Removal of a concavity (applying Rule):  $O(1)$  time.
- 4 Maximum #reductions:  $O(n/g) - 4$ .  
 $\Rightarrow$  Total #operations:  $(O(n/g) - 4) \cdot O(1) = O(n/g)$ .
- 5 Total time complexity:  $O(n) + O(n/g) = O(n)$ .



# Time Complexity

GEOMETRY

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Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

Let  $n = \#$ points on object border,  $g =$  grid size.

- 1 Checking object containment in a cell:  $O(g)$  time.
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 $\Rightarrow$  Visiting all vertices:  $O(n/g) \cdot O(g) = O(n)$  time.
- 3 Removal of a concavity (applying Rule):  $O(1)$  time.
- 4 Maximum  $\#$ reductions:  $O(n/g) - 4$ .  
 $\Rightarrow$  Total  $\#$ operations:  $(O(n/g) - 4) \cdot O(1) = O(n/g)$ .
- 5 Total time complexity:  $O(n) + O(n/g) = O(n)$ .



# Time Complexity

GEOMETRY

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Convex hull  
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Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

Let  $n = \#$ points on object border,  $g =$  grid size.

- 1 Checking object containment in a cell:  $O(g)$  time.
- 2  $\#$ grid points visited:  $O(n/g)$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Visiting all vertices:  $O(n/g) \cdot O(g) = O(n)$  time.
- 3 Removal of a concavity (applying Rule):  $O(1)$  time.
- 4 Maximum  $\#$ reductions:  $O(n/g) - 4$ .  
 $\Rightarrow$  Total  $\#$ operations:  $(O(n/g) - 4) \cdot O(1) = O(n/g)$ .
- 5 Total time complexity:  $O(n) + O(n/g) = O(n)$ .



# Time Complexity

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

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# Result

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
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Polygon

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hull

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Algorithm  
Result



digital object = 10541 points



# Result

GEOMETRY

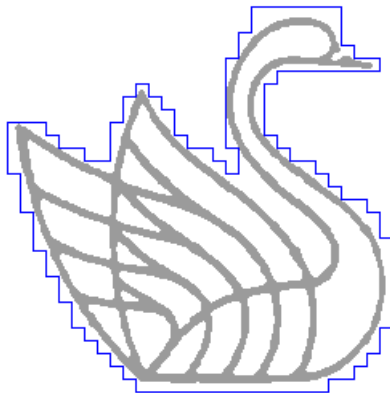
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

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Algorithm  
Result



Isothetic cover



# Result

GEOMETRY

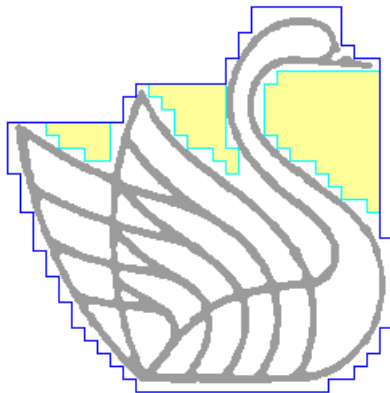
P Bhowmick

Convex hull  
Algorithm

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Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result



Orthogonal hull



# Result

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

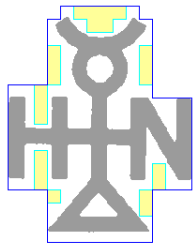
Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

$g = 4, 8, 14$



#vertices = 18, 16, 16



# Result

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

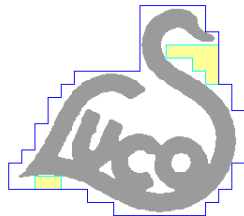
Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

$$g = 4, 8, 14$$



$$\# \text{vertices} = 120, 60, 32$$



# Result

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

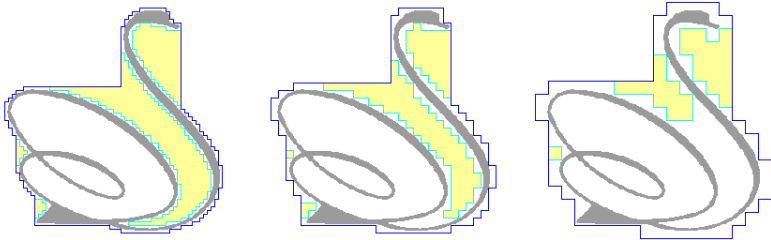
Convex hull  
Algorithm

Hull of  
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Orthogonal  
hull

Observations  
Algorithm  
Result

$g = 4, 8, 14$



#vertices = 88, 44, 32

## Feature analysis

- Concavity strength and concavity relation
- Narrow mouthed concavity
- Concavity complexity



# References

GEOMETRY

P Bhowmick

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Polygon

Orthogonal  
hull  
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Result

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- A. Biswas, P. Bhowmick, B. B. Bhattacharya, **Construction of isothetic covers of a digital object: A combinatorial approach**, *Journal of Visual Communication and Image Representation*, **21**, pp. 295–310, 2010.

**Thank you**