

1. Yes  $w$  is in  $L(G)$

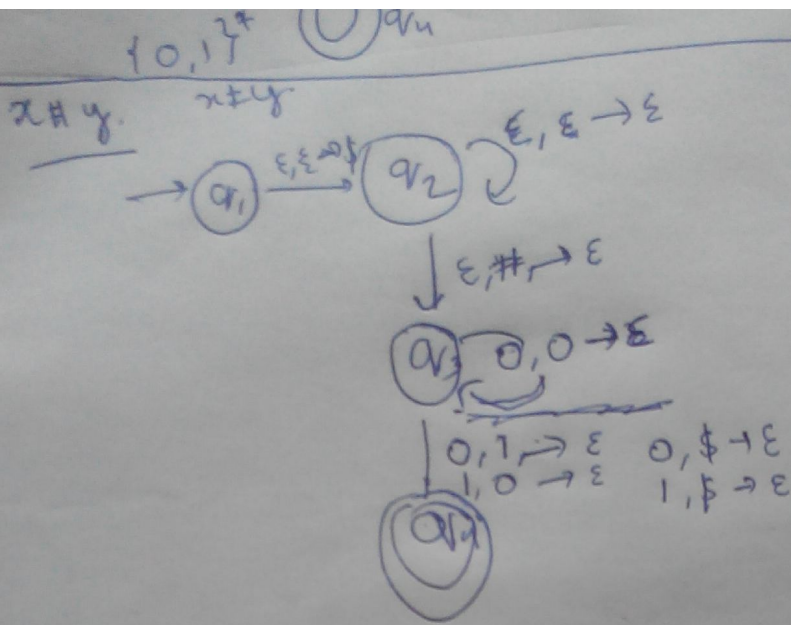
The final triangular table looks like -

$\{S, A, C\}$	$\leftarrow X_{1,5}$			
$\emptyset$	$\{S, A, C\}$			
$\emptyset$	$\{B\}$	$\{B\}$		
$\{S, A\}$	$\{B\}$	$\{S, C\}$	$\{S, A\}$	
$\{B\}$	$\{A, C\}$	$\{A, C\}$	$\{B\}$	$\{A, C\}$
$b$	$a$	$a$	$b$	$a$

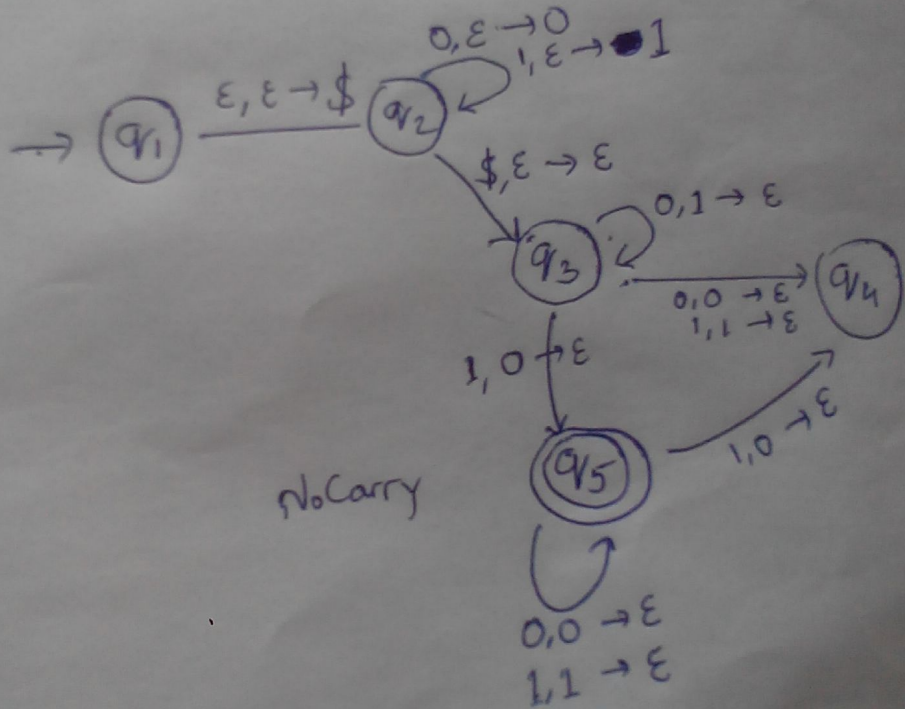
Since we see  $S$  in  $X_{1,5}$ ,  $w$  is in  $L(G)$ .



Ans 1



Ans 2.





1. A union of  $L_1, L_2, L_3, L_4, L_5$

$$L_1 = \{w \in \{abc\}^* \mid \#_c(w) \neq 1\}$$

$$L_2 = \{x_1 c x_2 \mid x_1, x_2 \in \{a,b\}^*, |x_1| \neq |x_2|\}$$

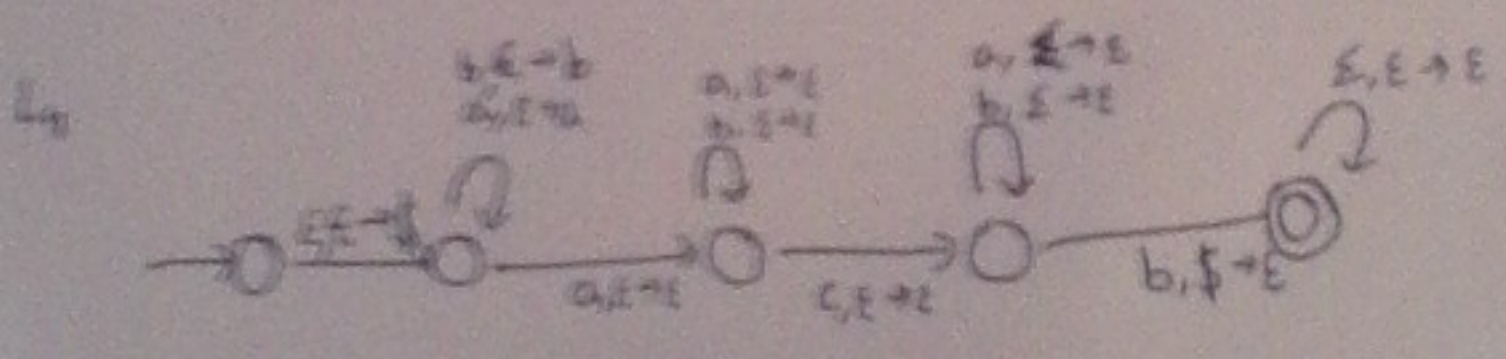
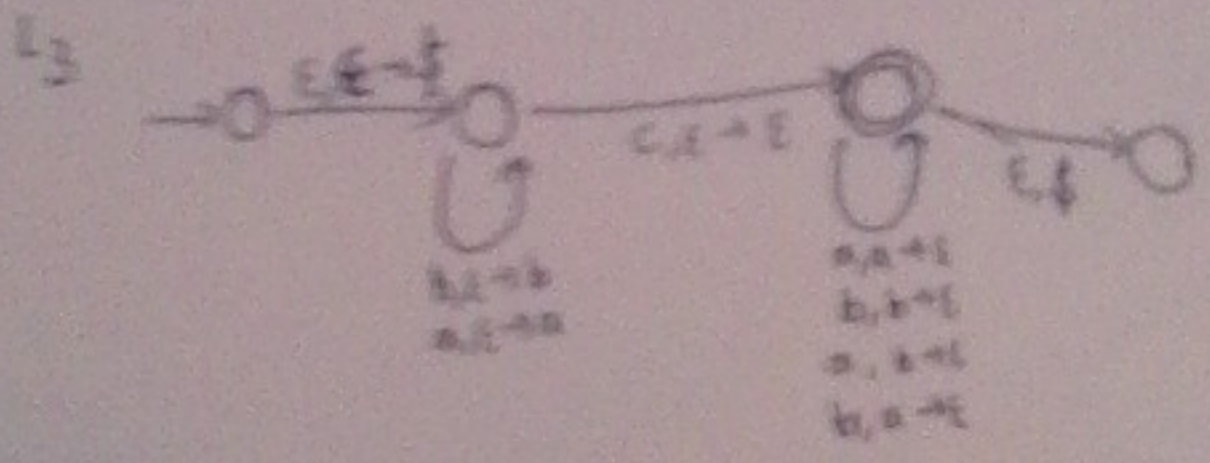
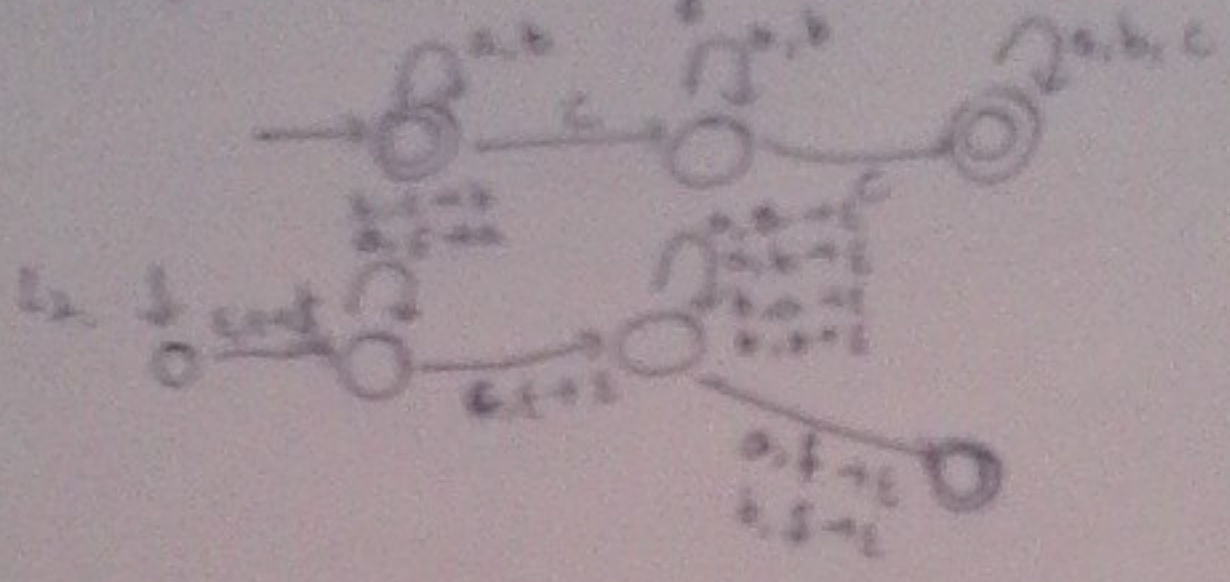
$$L_3 = \{x_1 c x_2 \mid x_1, x_2 \in \{a,b\}^*, |x_1| > |x_2|\}$$

$$L_4 = \{x_1 a y_1 c x_2 b y_2 \mid x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2 \in \{a,b\}^*, |x_1| = |x_2|\}$$

where any  $|x_1| - |x_2|$  or  $|y_1| - |y_2|$  difference comes

$$L_5 = \{x_1 b y_1 c x_2 a y_2 \mid x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2 \in \{a,b\}^*, |x_1| = |x_2|\}$$

$L_1$  Regular lang.



$L_5$  is similar to  $L_4$