

Several classical NP-hard graph problems become tractable if we restrict ourselves to structured graphs. In this talk our focus will be to obtain a polynomial time algorithm for one such problem in a structured graph class.

A vertex subset in a graph is an independent set if no pair of vertices in the set have an edge between them. A graph is bipartite if its vertex set can be partitioned into two independent sets. In the Odd Cycle Transversal problem, we are given a graph G and a rational vertex weight function $w: V(G) \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$, and the task is to find a smallest weight vertex subset S in G such that $G-S$ is bipartite; the weight of S , $w(S)$ is the sum of weights of vertices in S . For an integer i , a graph is P_i -free if it does not contain a path on i vertices as an induced subgraph. By result of Dabrowski et al., Odd Cycle Transversal is polynomial time solvable on P_4 -free graphs and it is NP-hard on P_6 -free graphs. We will close the pesky gap by obtaining a polynomial time algorithm for Odd Cycle Transversal on P_5 -free graphs.