

Introduction to Soft Computing
Solution to Practice Sheet FL-2

Topic:

- *Fuzzy relations*
- *Fuzzy propositions*
- *Fuzzy implications*
- *Fuzzy inferences*

1) If x is A then y is B else y is C . The output of the given fuzzy rule is

- (a) a fuzzy set
- (b) a crisp set
- (c) a fuzzy relation
- (d) a membership function

2) The cardinality of the given set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

- (a) 2
- (b) 5
- (c) 4
- (d) 1

3) The cardinality of the fuzzy set on any universe is

- (a) infinity
- (b) 0
- (c) 1
- (d) -1

4) Given a crisp set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. Find the relation matrix for the relation $R: \{(a, b) \mid b = a + 1, a, b \in A\}$

(a)

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ 1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

(b)

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ 1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ 4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

(c)

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ 1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

(d)

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ 1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ 4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

5) Given that "*x is Sweet*" with $T(x) = 0.8$ and "*y is Sweet*" with $T(y) = 0.6$.
The Fuzzy truth value of "*If x is Sweet then y is Sweet*" is

- (a) 0.4
- (b) 0.2
- (c) 0.8
- (d) 0.6

6) Let $P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.8 \\ 0 & 0.7 & 1 \\ 0.4 & 0.6 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0.9 & 0.5 & 0.7 & 0.7 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0 & 0.9 \\ 1 & 0 & 0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$ Find R where

$R = P \circ Q$ using max-min composition

(a) $R = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 1 & 0.2 & 0.5 & 0.7 \\ 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) $R = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.2 & 0.8 & 0.7 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 & 0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) $R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 & 0.5 & 1 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 & 0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$

(d) $R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.8 & 0.7 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 & 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$

7) $(\sim(P \wedge Q) \Rightarrow R) \wedge P \wedge Q$ is equivalent to

- (a) $(P \wedge Q)$
- (b) $(P \wedge Q) \vee R$
- (c) P
- (d) $(\sim P \vee Q)$

8) If x is A then y is B else y is C , then the relation R is equivalent to

- (a) $(A \times B) + (B \times C)$
- (b) $(A \times B) \cup (\bar{A} \times C)$
- (c) $(A \times B) \rightarrow (B \times C)$
- (d) $(A \times C) \cup (B \times C)$

9) What are the applications of Fuzzy Inference Systems?

- (a) Wireless services, heat control and printers
- (b) Restrict power usage, telephone lines and sort data
- (c) Simulink, boiler and CD recording
- (d) **Automatic control, decision analysis and data classification**

10) “Generalized Modus Tollens (GMT)” rule which is as follows:

If x is A Then y is B
 y is B'

x is A'

A' can be calculated as

- (a) $A' = B' \circ R(x, y)$
- (b) $A' = (A \times B) \cup (\bar{A} \times Y)$
- (c) $A' = A \circ R(x, y)$
- (d) $A' = (A \times B) \cup (\bar{A} \times X)$

11) Zadeh’s max-min rule is defined as:

- (a) $R = \int_{X \times Y} \mu_A(x) * \mu_B(y) | (x, y)$
- (b) $R = \bar{A} \cup B = \int_{X \times Y} (1 - \mu_A(x)) \vee \mu_B(x) | (x, y)$
- (c) $R = \bar{A} \cup B = \int_{X \times Y} 1 \wedge (1 - \mu_A(x) + \mu_B(y)) | (x, y)$
- (d) $R = \bar{A} \cup (A \cap B) = \int_{X \times Y} (1 - \mu_A(x)) \vee (\mu_A(x) \wedge \mu_B(y)) | (x, y)$

12) Larsen rule is defined as:

- (a) $R = A \times B = \int_{X \times Y} \mu_A(x) \wedge \mu_B(y) | (x, y)$
- (b) $R = A \times B = \int_{X \times Y} \mu_A(x) \cdot \mu_B(y) | (x, y)$

- (c) $R = A \times B = \int_{X \times Y} \mu_A(x) \odot \mu_B(y) | (x, y)$
 (d) $R = A \times B = \int_{X \times Y} \mu_A(x) \hat{\odot} \mu_B(y) | (x, y)$

13) Find the results of the fuzzy operations as instructed in the following:

$R = A \times B$ where

$$A = \left\{ \frac{0.1}{x_1}, \frac{0.2}{x_3}, \frac{0.5}{x_5} \right\}$$

$$B = \left\{ \frac{0.6}{x_2}, \frac{0.8}{x_3}, \frac{1.0}{x_6} \right\}$$

(a)

X	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_5	x_6
x_1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
x_2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
x_3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2
x_5	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5
x_6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(b)

X	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_5	x_6
x_1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
x_2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
x_3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
x_5	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5
x_6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(c)

X	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_5	x_6
x_1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
x_2	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2
x_3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2
x_5	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5
x_6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

(d)

X	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_5	x_6
x_1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
x_2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
x_3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2
x_5	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5
x_6	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2

- 14) Let $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$ $Y = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
 and $A = \{(a,0.0), (b,0.8), (c,0.6), (d,1.0)\}$
 $B = \{(1,0.2), (2,1.0), (3,0.8), (4,0.0)\}$
 $C = \{(1,0.0), (2,0.4), (3,1.0), (4,0.8)\}$

Determine the implication relation: *If x is A then y is B*

(a)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a \\
 b \\
 c \\
 d
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0.2 & 0.8 & 0.8 & 0 \\
 0.2 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0 \\
 0.2 & 1 & 0.8 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a \\
 b \\
 c \\
 d
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\
 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
 0.2 & 0.8 & 0.8 & 0.2 \\
 0.4 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.4 \\
 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.8 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a \\
 b \\
 c \\
 d
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\
 0 & 0.4 & 1 & 0.8 \\
 0.2 & 0.8 & 0.8 & 0.2 \\
 0.2 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.4 \\
 0.2 & 1 & 0.8 & 0
 \end{bmatrix}$$

(d)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 1 & 2 & 3 & 4
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0.4 & 1 & 0.8 \\ 0 & 0.2 & 0.2 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0.4 & 0.4 & 0.4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$