

# Overview









# **Problem:**

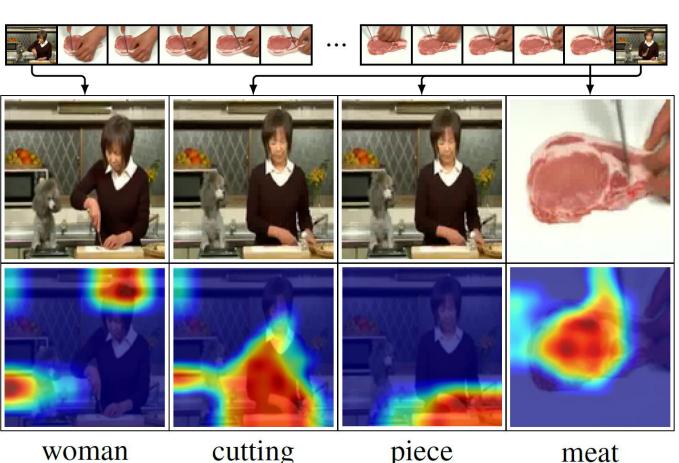
- Encoder-decoder networks for scene captioning work as black boxes
- How can we explain the model's captions?
- Can we extract salient regions for each generated word?

# **Our Contributions:**

- A method to extract salient spatio(-temporal) regions for each predicted word or phrase in encoder-decoder networks
- Our method works without requiring region-level annotations or the overhead of explicit attention layers
- Query sentences not produced by the network can also be mapped to regions, allowing weakly-labeled segmentation

### Motivating Example:

- Encoder-decoder predicts caption: A woman is cutting a piece of meat.
- Is "woman" generated because the model recognized a woman or merely because "A woman" is a likely way to start a sentence?



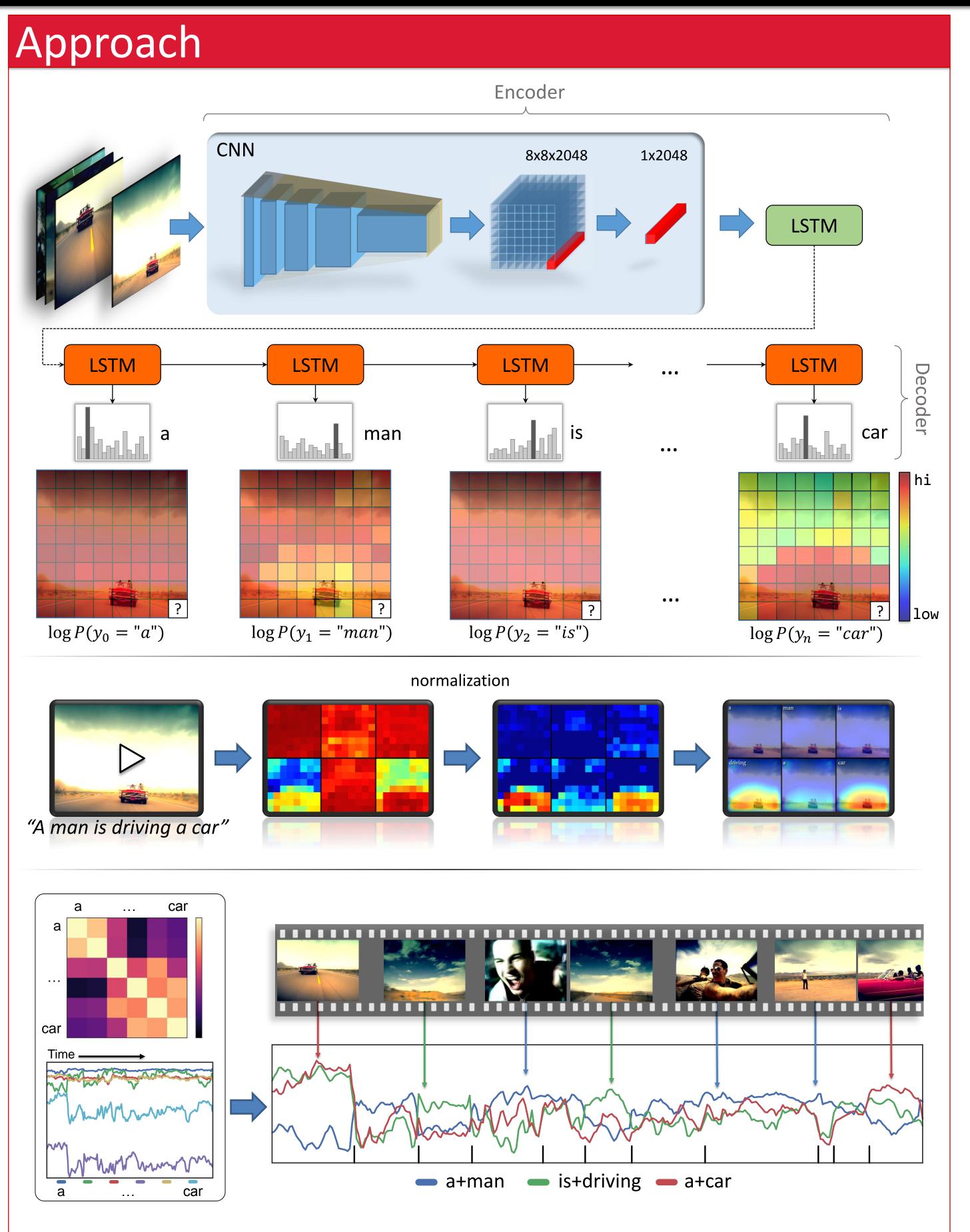
# Our Solution:

- Estimate spatiotemporal saliency for videos (or spatial saliency for images) for each word in the predicted sentence description
- Do this by measuring the drop in word probability when only one small part of the input video is fed into the network

# Top-Down Visual Saliency Guided by Captions Abir Das<sup>1</sup>

Vasili Ramanishka<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Boston University

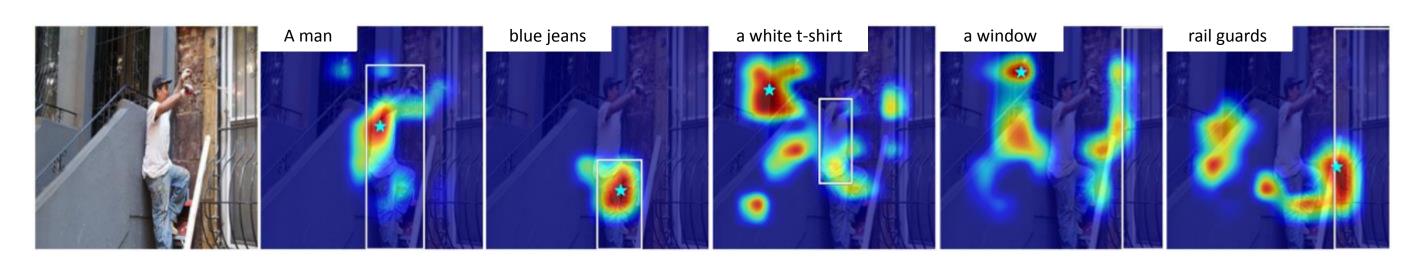


Jianming Zhang<sup>2</sup> Kate Saenko<sup>1</sup>

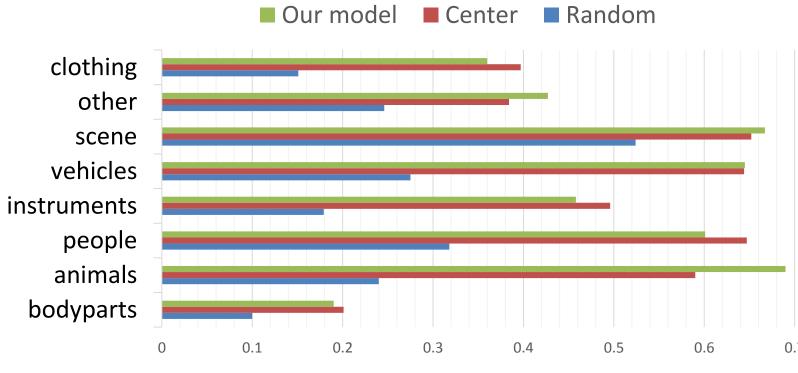
# <sup>2</sup>Adobe Research

# Evaluation

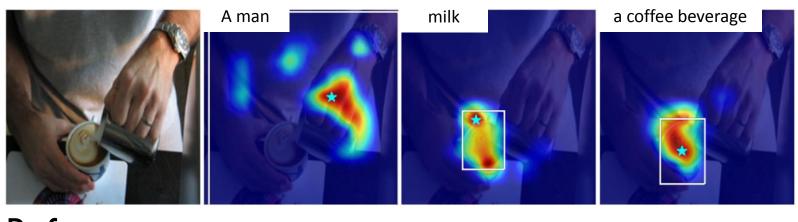
- For Flickr30kEntities [1], salient image regions of the words are obtained by sequential encoding of spatial descriptors in a similar encoder-decoder framework.
- GT bounding boxes were used only during evaluation



# Pointing Game Performance



# Attention Correctness [2] is defined as a sum of pixel-level attention values which lie inside the bounding box

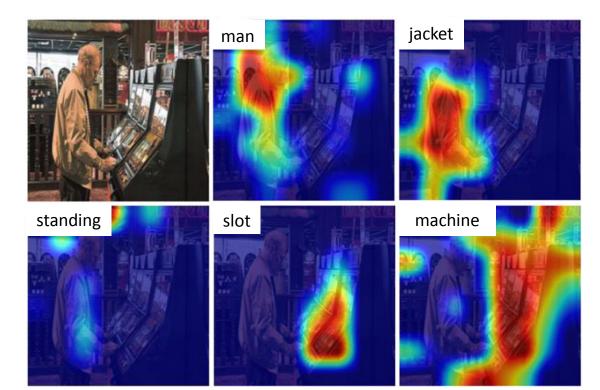


#### **References:**

- [1] B. A. Plummer et al., Flickr30k Entities: Collecting Region-to-Phrase Correspondences for Richer Image-to-Sentence Models, ICCV 2015
- C. Liu et al., Attention Correctness in Neural Image Captioning, AAAI 2017
- [3] K. Xu et al., Show, Attend and Tell: Neural Image Caption Generation with Visual Attention, ICML 2015

## **IEEE 2017 Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern** Recognition





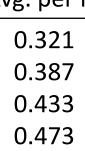
A man in a jacket is standing at the slot machine Input:

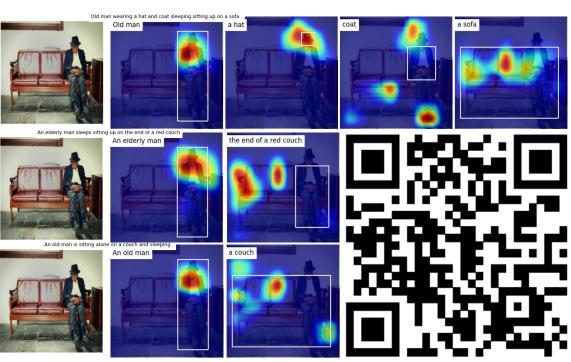
### <u>Task:</u>

- Given an image and a noun phrases, point to the targets Metric:
- Mean pointing accuracy across all noun phrases
- Pointing anywhere on the targets is fine

Avg. per NP

Uniform Baseline	
Soft Attention [3]	
Soft Attention Supervised [2]	
Our method	





http://ai.bu.edu/caption-guided-saliency