

Pushdown Automata: Acceptance Issues

$M = (Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \perp, \delta, s, F)$

- Q — a finite set of states
- Σ — input alphabet
- Γ — Stack alphabet
- \perp — the initial bottom-of-stack symbol
- δ — a subset of Q , possibly empty, the set of final states
- s — the start state
- F — the set of final states

$\delta \rightarrow$ transitions

$\delta \rightarrow$ binary relation

from $Q \times (\Sigma \cup \{\epsilon\}) \times \Gamma$
to $Q \times \Gamma^*$

$\delta \subseteq (Q \times (\Sigma \cup \{\epsilon\}) \times \Gamma) \times (Q \times \Gamma^*)$

$$((p, a, A), (q, \gamma)) \in \delta$$

$\delta \rightarrow$ finite

Transition

Inputs: ① the current state $(p) \in Q$

② the input symbol $(a) \in \Sigma \cup \{\epsilon\}$

③ the current top of stack $(A) \in \Gamma$

Effects: ① a new state $(q) \in Q$
② A replaced by $\gamma \in \Gamma^*$

Configuration of M \rightarrow current snapshot of M

$C \in Q \times \Sigma^* \times \Gamma^*$ \hookrightarrow current state q

$C \in Q \times \Sigma^* \times \Gamma^*$ \hookrightarrow the portion of the input yet to be read
(left to right) $\in \Sigma^*$

Initial configuration

\hookrightarrow the current content of the stack $\in \Gamma^*$
(read from top to bottom)

(q, x, \perp)

Final configuration (Accept configuration)

Acceptance by empty stack $(q, \epsilon, \epsilon), q \in Q$

Acceptance by final state $(q, \epsilon, \gamma), q \in F,$
 $\gamma \in \Gamma^*$

$$\{ (p, a, A), (q, \gamma) \} \in \delta$$

$$(p, ay, A\beta) \xrightarrow[M]{1} (q, y, \gamma\beta)$$

one-step change of configuration

$$\{ (p, \epsilon, A), (q, \gamma) \} \in \delta$$

$$(p, y, A\beta) \xrightarrow[M]{1} (q, y, \gamma\beta)$$

one-step (ϵ -transition)

Def: $C \xrightarrow[M]{0} D \not\equiv C = D.$

$$C \xrightarrow[M]{n+1} D \not\equiv \exists \text{ a configuration } E \text{ such that}$$

$$C \xrightarrow[M]{*} D \not\equiv C \xrightarrow[M]{n} E \text{ and } E \xrightarrow[M]{1} D \text{ for some } n \geq 0.$$

Language of $M \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(M)$

Acceptance by empty stack

$$\mathcal{L}(M) = \left\{ x \in \Sigma^* \mid (s, x, \perp) \xrightarrow[M]{*} (q, \epsilon, \epsilon) \right. \\ \left. \text{for some } q \in Q \right\}$$

Acceptance by final state

$$\mathcal{L}(M) = \left\{ x \in \Sigma^* \mid (s, x, \perp) \xrightarrow[M]{*} (q, \epsilon, \gamma) \right. \\ \left. \text{for some } q \in F \text{ and} \right. \\ \left. \text{for some } \gamma \in \Gamma^* \right\}$$

Equivalence of these two modes of acceptance

$M = (Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \perp, \delta, s, F) \rightarrow$ a PDA that accepts by empty stack / final state

$M' = (Q', \Sigma, \Gamma', \perp, \delta', s', \{t\}), t \notin Q \cup \{s'\}$

\hookrightarrow t is the only accept state $s' \notin Q$

\hookrightarrow accepts both by empty stack and by final state

(i) M' is in state t

(ii) The stack of M' is empty.

$\delta' \rightarrow$ new start state

$$\left((q', \epsilon, \perp), (q, \perp, \perp) \right) \in \delta'$$



M' simulates M

$$\perp \notin \Gamma, \quad \Gamma' = \Gamma \cup \{ \perp \}$$

Keep every transition of δ in δ' .

M accepts by empty stack

$$(q, \epsilon, \epsilon)$$

Add the transition

$$\left((q, \epsilon, \perp), (t, \epsilon) \right) \text{ to } \delta'$$

M accepts by final state

$$\text{Add to } \delta' \quad (q, \epsilon, \gamma), \quad \begin{matrix} q \in F \\ \gamma \in \Gamma^* \end{matrix}$$

$$\left((q, \epsilon, A), (t, A) \right), \quad \begin{matrix} q \in F, \\ A \in \Gamma \cup \{ \perp \} \end{matrix}$$

$$\left((t, \epsilon, A), (t, \epsilon) \right) \rightarrow$$

$$\mathcal{L}(M') = \mathcal{L}(M)$$

M accepts by empty stack

$$x \in \mathcal{L}(M) \quad (s, x, \perp) \xrightarrow[M]{*} (q, \epsilon, \epsilon)$$

$$(s, x, \perp) \xrightarrow[M']{*} (q, \epsilon, \epsilon)$$

You design a PDA
- mention what kind
of acceptance your
PDA does

$$(s', x, \perp) \xrightarrow[M']{1} (s, x, \perp \perp) \xrightarrow[M']{*} (q, \epsilon, \perp) \xrightarrow[M']{*} (t, \epsilon, \epsilon)$$

$\mathcal{L}(M) \subseteq \mathcal{L}(M')$

$$\mathcal{L}(M') \subseteq \mathcal{L}(M) \quad x \in \mathcal{L}(M') \quad (s', x, \perp) \xrightarrow[M]{*} (t, \epsilon, \epsilon)$$

in $s', t \rightarrow$ no input symbol is consumed.

$$(s, x, \perp) \xrightarrow[M]{*} (q, \epsilon, \epsilon).$$