◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ □ ○ ○○○

Crowdsourcing

Introduction, Crowd Computing, Creative Applications

Malay Bhattacharyya

Assistant Professor Machine Intelligence Unit Indian Statistical Institute, Kolkata

Guest Lecture at IIT, Kharagpur (October 03, 2018)

INTRODUCTION CROWD COMPUTING CREATIVE APPLICATIONS

< □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > □ =

References



▲□→ ▲圖→ ▲園→ ▲園→ 三国





Ranbir Kapoor

Ranbir Kapoor

イロト イポト イヨト イヨト 三日

Same person may appear to be different!!!



▲ロト ▲圖ト ▲ヨト ▲ヨト ニヨー のへで



Roger Federer looks like Arbaaz Khan!!!

Different persons may appear to be the same!!!

So, human power ('perception/learning' in the previous two examples) is still better than the computational power for some complex tasks like face recognition.

So, human power ('perception/learning' in the previous two examples) is still better than the computational power for some complex tasks like face recognition.

What if we can combine the powers of human and computation together? But how?

So, human power ('perception/learning' in the previous two examples) is still better than the computational power for some complex tasks like face recognition.

What if we can combine the powers of human and computation together? But how?

Human Computation

Introduction

Crowd Computing

Creative Applications

References

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ □▶ ◆ □▶ ○ □ ○ ○ ○ ○

Background

Crowdsourcing: The power of many replacing a specialized few.

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ 三臣 - のへぐ

Background

Crowdsourcing: The power of many replacing a specialized few.



イロト 不得 トイヨト イヨト ヨー ろくで

Background

Crowdsourcing: The power of many replacing a specialized few.



Definition (Crowdsourcing [Brabham, 2013])

Crowdsourcing is an online, distributed problem-solving and production model.

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ 三臣 - のへぐ

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

イロト イポト イヨト イヨト ニヨー わらぐ

1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]
2006: Crowd-powered biotechnology company 23andMe

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

- 1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
- 1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
- 2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
- 2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
- 2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]
- 2006: Crowd-powered biotechnology company 23andMe
- 2007: Citizen science company Zooniverse

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

- 1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
- 1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
- 2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
- 2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
- 2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]
- 2006: Crowd-powered biotechnology company 23andMe
- 2007: Citizen science company Zooniverse
- 2008: The crowd-powered learning started with WikiProjects

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

- 1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
- 1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
- 2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
- 2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
- 2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]
- 2006: Crowd-powered biotechnology company 23andMe
- 2007: Citizen science company Zooniverse
- 2008: The crowd-powered learning started with WikiProjects
- 2009: DARPA's Red Balloon contest [Tang, 2011], Netflix Prize

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

- 1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
- 1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
- 2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
- 2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
- 2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]
- 2006: Crowd-powered biotechnology company 23andMe
- 2007: Citizen science company Zooniverse
- 2008: The crowd-powered learning started with WikiProjects
- 2009: DARPA's Red Balloon contest [Tang, 2011], Netflix Prize
- 2013: Crowdsourcing efforts for street-level accessibility

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

- 1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
- 1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
- 2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
- 2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
- 2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]
- 2006: Crowd-powered biotechnology company 23andMe
- 2007: Citizen science company Zooniverse
- 2008: The crowd-powered learning started with WikiProjects
- 2009: DARPA's Red Balloon contest [Tang, 2011], Netflix Prize
- 2013: Crowdsourcing efforts for street-level accessibility
- 2016: Crowd-powered surveillance

"With the crowds on your side, it's easier to play up to your potential"

- Julius Erving.

- 1714: The Longitude Prize offered by the British government
- 1884: Cataloging words by Oxford English Dictionary
- 2005: Online crowd-powered system Amazon Mechanical Turk
- 2006: The term 'crowdsourcing' is coined by Jeff Howe
- 2006: Games with a purpose (ESP) [Ahn, 2006]
- 2006: Crowd-powered biotechnology company 23andMe
- 2007: Citizen science company Zooniverse
- 2008: The crowd-powered learning started with WikiProjects
- 2009: DARPA's Red Balloon contest [Tang, 2011], Netflix Prize
- 2013: Crowdsourcing efforts for street-level accessibility
- 2016: Crowd-powered surveillance
- 2018: Finding American soldiers who served in WWII

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ 臣 のへで

Categories of crowdsourcing

• Based on designs: Competitive and collaborative.

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ 三臣 - のへぐ

Categories of crowdsourcing

- Based on designs: Competitive and collaborative.
- Based on demands: Real-time and non real-time.

(日) (日) (日) (日) (日) (日) (日) (日) (日)

Categories of crowdsourcing

- Based on designs: Competitive and collaborative.
- Based on demands: Real-time and non real-time.
- **Based on motivations:** Solution finding, opinion seeking, content creation, design competitions, data collection, manual tasks, testing, customer service, programming, crowdfunding.

Categories of crowdsourcing

- Based on designs: Competitive and collaborative.
- Based on demands: Real-time and non real-time.
- **Based on motivations:** Solution finding, opinion seeking, content creation, design competitions, data collection, manual tasks, testing, customer service, programming, crowdfunding.
- **Based on applications:** Crowdvoting, wisdom of the crowd, crowdfunding, microwork, creative crowdsourcing and inducement prize contests.

◆ロト ◆昼 ト ◆臣 ト ◆臣 ト ○日 ○ のへで

Getting the crowd – Amazon Mechanical Turk (MTurk)



Which person more heroic?

Nature of jobs posted on MTurk

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ □ ○ ○○○

Getting the crowd – Amazon Mechanical Turk (MTurk)



Nature of jobs posted on MTurk

 $\underline{\textbf{Note}}$: The jobs are posted in the form of Human Intelligence Task (HITs) on MTurk.

▲ロ ▶ ▲ □ ▶ ▲ □ ▶ ▲ □ ▶ ▲ □ ▶ ● ○ ○ ○

Working principle - 'Extreme value outcomes'



Crowdsourcing enables the exploration of 'extreme value outcomes' from numerous submissions (not necessarily involving the experts)

The ESP game



Through online games, people can collectively solve large-scale computational problems [Ahn, 2006].

Prisoners' dilemma



Prisoners' dilemma



 $N = \{1, 2\}; S_1 = S_2 = \{C, S\}; u_1(C, C) = -5, u_2(C, C) = -5, u_1(C, S) = 0, u_2(C, S) = -20, u_1(S, C) = -20, u_2(S, C) = 0, u_1(S, S) = -1, u_2(S, S) = -1, where C and NC denote 'confess' and 'remain silent', respectively.$

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ 三臣 - のへぐ

The reCAPTCHA



CREATIVE APPLICATIONS

References

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ □▶ ◆ □▶ ○ □ ○ ○ ○ ○

DARPA Red Balloon Challenge



The challenge of finding coordinates of some balloons

DARPA Red Balloon Challenge



The solution of DARPA Red Balloon Challenge

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ □ ○ ○○○

DARPA Red Balloon Challenge



The solution of DARPA Red Balloon Challenge

<u>Note</u>: The best solution of DARPA Red Balloon Challenge was found in less than 9 hours.

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ □▶ ◆ □▶ ○ □ ○ ○ ○ ○

DARPA Red Balloon Challenge - Winning strategy



DARPA Red Balloon Challenge – Winning strategy



So, the maximum cost of finding a balloon becomes 2000 + 1000 + 500 + ...= $2000(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + ...) = 4000$ [Tang, 2011].

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ □ ○ ○○○

Mechanism design environment (MDE)

A standard view of MDE is shown below.



Mechanism design environment (MDE)

A standard view of MDE is shown below.



The main tasks are – preference elicitation and preference aggregation.

Word Processing

CONCLUSION

The following conclusion was Shortn'ed to 85% length:

This paper presents Soylent, a word processing interface that uses crowd workers to help with proofreading, document shortening, editing and commenting tasks. Soylent is an example of a new kind of interactive user interface in which the end user has direct access to a crowd of workers for assistance with tasks that require human attention and common sense. Implementing these kinds of interfaces requires new software programming patterns for interface software, since crowds behave differently than computer systems. We have introduced one important pattern, Find-Fix-Verify, which splits complex editing tasks into a series Word Processing

CONCLUSION

The following conclusion was Shortn'ed to 85% length:

This paper presents Soylent, a word processing interface that uses crowd workers to help with proofreading, document shortening, editing and commenting tasks. Soylent is an example of a new kind of interactive user interface in which the end user has direct access to a crowd of workers for assistance with tasks that require human attention and common sense. Implementing these kinds of interfaces requires new software programming patterns for interface software, since crowds behave differently than computer systems. We have introduced one important pattern, Find-Fix-Verify, which splits complex editing tasks into a series

Soylent: A crowd-powered word processor that integrates paid crowd workers from MTurk [Bernstein, 2010]

Word Processing

Features of Soylent:

- <u>Shortn</u>: Document summarization of selected text down to 85% of its original length typically without changing the meaning of the text or introducing errors.
- <u>Crowdproof</u>: Spelling and grammar checking to find problems other word processing tools miss, explains the problems, and suggests fixes.
- <u>The Human Macro</u>: Offloading arbitrary word processing tasks such as formatting citations or finding appropriate figures.

Soylent improves worker quality through the Find-Fix-Verify crowd programming pattern, which splits tasks into a series of generation and review stages.

CREATIVE APPLICATIONS

References

 $Scalable \ annotation$

Data is the new oil

 $Scalable \ annotation$

Data is the new oil, but it is still crude ...



*ロ * * ● * * ● * * ● * ● * ● * ●

Scalable annotation

Data is the new oil, but it is still crude ...

For testing scalable Machine Learning algorithms, we need large-scale annotated (Gold) data.

$Scalable \ annotation$

Data is the new oil, but it is still crude ...

For testing scalable Machine Learning algorithms, we need large-scale annotated (Gold) data.



ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge [Russakovsky, 2015]

・ロト ・聞ト ・ヨト ・ヨト

э

Mobile healthcare



Facial, arm, and speech weakness test (FAST) for stroke recognition

イロン イロン イヨン イヨン

э

Participatory budgeting



・ロット 全部 マント・トロッ

Participatory budgeting



Participatory budgeting is an approach of democratic decision-making to allocate a part of Government budget based on the opinions received from common people (crowd).

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆□▶ □ ○ ○○○

References

- L. V. Ahn (2006) Computer, 39(6):92-94.
- D. C. Brabham (2013) Crowdsourcing. *MIT Press*, Cambridge, MA, USA.
- M. S. Bernstein et al. (2010) UIST, ACM Press, 313-322.
- O. Russakovsky (2015) International Journal of Computer Vision, 115(3):211-252.
- J. C. Tang et al. (2011) CACM, 54(4):78.

▲□▶ ▲圖▶ ▲臣▶ ▲臣▶ 臣 - のへで

That's all for today!!!