



Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science
(Deemed to be University under *de novo* Category)
Master's/Integrated Master's-PhD Program/ Integrated
Bachelor's-Master's Program/PhD Course
End-Semester (Sem-III) Examination-Autumn 2023

Subject: Theory of Computation II
Full Marks: 50

Subject Code: COM 5108'
Time Allotted: 3 hours

Q 1. Answer ten(10) questions with brief justifications. [10 × 2 = 20]

- (a) Is $DTIME(2^n)$ a proper subset of $DTIME(2^{2n})$?
- (b) What is the largest carry generated while multiplying (school-book method) two n -bit positive integers? Can it be computed in *logspace*?
- (c) Give a *context sensitive* language A such that $A \in \mathbf{L}$.
- (d) Is the language $L = \{ \langle \phi, \psi \rangle : \phi \in SAT \wedge \psi \in UNSAT \}$ **NP**-hard?
- (e) Let $L = \{ x0\phi : x \in \{1\}^*, \phi \in SAT \}$. Is $L \in \mathbf{NP}$? Is it possible that $L \in \mathbf{P}$ for a suitable choice of x ?
- (f) Why do people believe that **PH** cannot have a complete problem?
- (g) Can you justify from the cardinality (size of set) argument that there are too many languages in **P/poly** and not all of them can be computable.
- (h) Prove that, if $\Sigma_3^P \subseteq \Pi_3^P$, then $\Sigma_3^P = \Pi_3^P$.
- (i) a, b, c are Boolean variables. Express $(a \wedge b) = c$ in 3CNF form.
- (j) Define the probabilistic language class **RP**.
- (k) What is the basic difference between the class **BPP** and **ZPP**?
- (l) Assume that multiplication ($Mult(m, n)$) is defined. Give a *primitive recursive* definition of n^m ($Exp(m, n)$).
- (m) Let the encodings of $True \equiv \lambda xy \cdot x$; $False \equiv \lambda xy \cdot y$; $pair \equiv \lambda xyz \cdot (zxy)$; $second \equiv \lambda x \cdot (x(\lambda yz \cdot z))$, as λ -terms.
Evaluate: $second (pair A B)$, where A and B are λ terms.
- (n) Is $TQBF = \{ \phi : \phi \text{ is a closed, true QBF} \}$ a complete problem of **AP**?

Answer any three (3) of the following questions.

[3 × 10 = 30]

Q 2.

[6+4]

- (a) Explain why $\text{PATH} = \{ \langle G, s, d \rangle : G \text{ is a directed graph with a path from } s \text{ to } d \}$ is **NL**-hard.
- (b) Justify that **2SAT** is in **NL**.

Q 3.

[5+5]

- (a) Give the outline of a proof that there is an oracle set A such that $\mathbf{P}^A = \mathbf{NP}^B$. [**Error.** corrected in the exam hall: \mathbf{NP}^A].
- (b) Let $\text{MAX} - \text{INDSET} = \{ \langle G, k \rangle : \text{the size of the largest independent set of } G \text{ is } k \}$. Show that $\text{MAX} - \text{INDSET} \in \mathbf{P}^{\text{SAT}}$.

Q 4.

[2+5+3]

- (a) $\text{CKT-SAT} = \{ \langle C \rangle : C \text{ is a satisfiable Boolean Circuit} \}$. Show that **CKT-SAT** is in **NP**.
- (b) How do you reduce **CKT-SAT** to **3SAT**?
- (c) Let $A \in \mathbf{P}$. Show that there is a **P**-uniform circuit family for A . Assume that for a language $A \in \text{DTIME}(f(n))$, $f(n) \geq n$, a circuit of size $O(f(n)^2)$ can be constructed by an $O(f(n)^2)$ time bounded TM.

Q 5.

[5+5]

- (a) Justify that $\text{ATIME}(f(n)) \subseteq \text{DSpace}(f(n))$, where $f(n) \geq n$.
- (b) Show that **ZPP** \subseteq **RP**.

Q 6.

[5+5]

- (a) How do you compute $g \circ f$ in logspace, if $f, g : \{0, 1\}^* \rightarrow \{0, 1\}^*$ are computable in logspace?
- (b) Justify that $\text{TQBF} = \{ \phi : \phi \text{ is a closed, true QBF} \}$ is in **PSPACE**.

**** End ****