

Discussion and Errata

CS10003 : Programming and Data Structures (Theory)

Modulo Operator with Negative Numbers

- `x = 5 % (-3);`
 - `y = (-5) % (3);`
 - `z = (-5) % (-3);`
 - `printf("%d ,%d ,%d", x, y, z);`

 - Answer is: 2, -2, -2. Why?
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Modulus Operator

- The following is an identity to understand the result:
 - $a = (a/b) * b + a \% b$
- Also, division of integers involving negative operands always **truncate towards zero**.
- Dry runs of our example:
 - $5/(-3)$ is $-1 \Rightarrow (-1) * (-3) + 5 \% (-3) = 5 \Rightarrow 5 \% (-3) = 2$
 - $(-5)/3$ is $-1 \Rightarrow (-1) * 3 + (-5) \% 3 = -5 \Rightarrow (-5) \% 3$ is -2
 - $(-5)/(-3)$ is $1 \Rightarrow (1) * (-3) + (-5) \% (-3) = -5 \Rightarrow (-5) \% (-3) = -2$

Useful Tips: The sign of the result of a % operation, according to recent standards, is the same as the dividend's one.