CS19003: Programming and Data Structures Laboratory

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http://cse.iitkgp.ac.in/~aritrah/course/lab/PDS/Spring2021/

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- Help in permanent storage of data in HDD
- Data stored as sequence of bytes, "logically" contiguous
- The last byte of a file contains the end-of-file character (EOF)
- Two types
  - text (ASCII only, EOF terminated),
  - binary (Can have non-ASCII chars)
- Basic Operations Open/Close, Read/Write

```
FILE *fptr;
char filename[] = "file2.dat";
fptr = fopen (filename, "w");
if (fptr == NULL) {
    printf ("ERROR IN FILE CREATION");
    /* DO SOMETHING */
}
```

The second argument of fopen is the mode in which we open the file.

- "r": opens a file for reading (can only read). Error if the file does not already exists
- "r+": allows write also
- "w": creates a file for writing (can only write). Will create the file if it does not exist.
   Caution: writes over all previous contents if the file already exists
- "w+" : allows read also
- "a": opens a file for appending (write at the end of the file)
- "a+" : allows read also

## Writing to a file

```
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```

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```
FILE *fptr;
fptr = fopen ("file.dat","w");
fprintf (fptr, "Hello World!\n");
fprintf (fptr, "%d %d", a, b);
```

```
FILE *fptr;
fptr = fopen ("input.dat", "r");
/* Check whether it is open */
if (fptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("Error in opening file \n");
        exit(-1);
    }
fscanf (fptr,"%d %d",&x, &y);
```

```
char ch;
while (fscanf(fptr,"%c", &ch) != EOF)
{
    /* not end of file; read */
}
/* EOF checking in loop */
```

## Reading lines from a file

```
FILE *fptr;
char line[1000];
/* Open file and check it is open */
while (fgets(line,1000,fptr) != NULL)
{
    printf ("Read line %s\n",line);
}
```

- Takes three parameters: a character array "str", maximum number of characters to read "size", and a file pointer "fp"
- Reads until any one of these happens (i) number of characters read = size - 1, (ii) '\n' is read (char '\n' is added to "str"), (iii) EOF is reached or an error occurs
- '\0' added at end of "str" if no error. Returns *NULL* on error or *EOF*, otherwise returns pointer to "str"

- use fputs()
- Takes two parameters: A string "str" (null terminated) and a file pointer "fp"
- Writes the string pointed to by "str" into the file
- Returns non-negative integer on success, EOF on error

```
//as declared in header
char fgetc(FILE *fp);
//as declared in header
int fputc(char c, FILE *fp);
//usage
char c;
c = fgetc(fp1);
fputc(c, fp2);
```

```
//as declared in header
int fseek(FILE *stream, long int offset,
int whence)
```

The function takes the following three arguments and moves the file pointer an *offset* number of bytes from *whence*.

- stream: Pointer to a FILE object
- offset: Number of bytes offset from whence.
- whence: Constants that point to a position of the file
  - SEEK\_SET: Beginning of file
  - 2 SEEK\_CUR: Current position of file
  - SEEK\_END: End of file

Consider a file containing "abcdefghijklmnop"

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```
fseek(fp,4,SEEK_SET);
fscanf(fp, "%c", &c);
printf("%c\n",c);
fseek(fp,3,SEEK_CUR);
fscanf(fp, "%c", &c);
printf("%c\n",c);
fseek(fp,-2,SEEK_CUR);
fscanf(fp, "%c", &c);
printf("%c\n",c);
//Output
e
h
f
```

```
long ftell(FILE *stream);
```

The function obtains the current value of the position of the file pointer *stream*(in terms of number of bytes) with respect to the starting of the file.

Consider the same file containing "abcdefghijklmnop"

```
fgets(string,10,fp);
printf("%ld", ftell(fp));
//Output
9
```

```
FILE *fptr;
char filename[] = "myfile.dat";
fptr = fopen (filename, "w");
fprintf (fptr, "Hello World of filing!\n");
... ... ...
fclose (fptr);
```

 Should close a file when no more read/write to a file is needed in the rest of the program

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## Thank You