CS19001: Programming and Data Structures Lab

Lab Test:2 (ODD-PC)Section:15Date: 29-Oct-2018

Instructions:

- You have to **submit only two .c program files** (and nothing else) in the mentioned two submission links (in Moodle).
- Please obey the file-naming convention as follows: *RollNo_MachineNo_LT2_Prog1.c* (for Problem-1) and *RollNo_MachineNo_LT2_Prog2.c* (for Problem-2). [Please write your own Roll-Number and Machine-Number as mentioned.]
- Submission Deadline: 29-Oct-2018, 12:00 NOON (!! STRICT !!)

Problem-1: [Matrix-Rotate]

Write a C-program which -

- Takes a (non-zero) positive integer N from the user and dynamically allocates space for an NxN array
- Initializes the array with user inputs. Once the input is provided and the user hits an enter button, print the array **nicely** in a NxN form
- Once the user again hits the enter button (2nd time in total), print the array with 90° **anti-clock wise rotation**. This should happen "in place", i.e. on the original array. You CANNOT define ANY extra array in your program.
- Every time the user hits the enter button, the last printed array is again rotated 90° anticlockwise and printed. Once the user types "exit", the program terminates.

<i>Execution example</i> : Input: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 (User hits enter)												
1 st print \rightarrow user hits enter(2 nd print) \rightarrow user hits enter(3rd print)												
0	1	2	3	3	7	11	15	15	14	13	12	
4	5	6	7	2	6	10	14	11	10	9	8	
8	9	10	11	1	5	9	13	7	6	5	4	
12	13	14	15	0	4	8	12	3	2	1	0	

(user types "exit" and hits enter) \rightarrow program terminates

Problem-2: [Search-Suffix]

Given a string x, any other string y is called the *suffix* of x if there exists some other string z such that zy = x. For example, *abc* is a suffix of *ababc*.

Write a C program which –

- Takes as input two integers m > 0 and n>0. Takes as input two strings s_1 and s_2 of length *m* and *n* and stores them with suitable dynamic memory allocation.
- Reports the number of instances where s_1 is occurring as a **suffix** in some substring of s_2 . The program ignores NULL substrings of s_2 and avoids repetitions of the same substring at many places in s_2 . (considers unique substrings only)

Example: If the entered strings are $s_1 = aba$ and $s_2 = ababac$, then

ALL possible unique substrings of ababac are :

a,b,c, ab,ba,ac, aba,bab,bac, abab,baba,abac, ababa,babac, ababac.

In the above, s_1 is a suffix of the following strings: aba, baba, ababa. Hence answer is = 3