

1. Prove that the following problems are undecidable.
  - (a) Given a Turing machine  $M$ , determine whether  $M$  writes the blank symbol on at least one input.
  - (b) Given a Turing machine  $M$ , determine whether  $M$  writes the blank symbol on all inputs.
  - (c) Given a Turing machine  $M$ , determine whether  $M$  overwrites a non-blank symbol by the blank symbol on at least one input.
  - (d) Given a Turing machine  $M$ , determine whether  $M$  overwrites a non-blank symbol by the blank symbol on all inputs.
2. Is it decidable whether a single-tape Turing machine on input  $\varepsilon$  scans some tape cell three or more times?
3. Recursive / not recursive but r.e / non-r.e.? Supply proofs.
  - (a)  $\{M \mid M \text{ halts on } \varepsilon\}$ .
  - (b)  $\{M \mid M \text{ halts on some input}\}$ .
  - (c)  $\{M \mid M \text{ halts on all inputs}\}$ .
  - (d)  $\{M \mid M \text{ halts on no input}\}$ .
4. Recursive or not? Give proofs.
  - (a)  $\{M \# w \mid M \text{ is a one-tape Turing machine that never modifies the input}\}$ .
  - (b)  $\{M \mid M \text{ contains a useless state}\}$ . A state of  $M$  is called *useless* if it is never entered on any input. The accept state and the reject state are never called useless.
5. Recursive / not recursive but r.e / non-r.e.? Supply proofs.
  - (a)  $\{M \mid \mathcal{L}(M) = \mathcal{L}(M)^R\}$  (where  $L^R$  is the reverse of  $L$ ).
  - (b)  $\{M \mid \mathcal{L}(M) = \mathcal{L}(M)\mathcal{L}(M)\}$ .
  - (c)  $\{M \mid \mathcal{L}(M) = \mathcal{L}(M)^*\}$ .
6. Design nondeterministic Turing machines to accept the following languages.
  - (a)  $\{a^m b^{mn} \mid m, n \geq 0\}$ .
  - (b)  $\{wvw \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*, v \in \{a, b, c\}^*\}$ .
7. Design unrestricted grammars for the following languages.
  - (a)  $\{a^n b^{n^2} \mid n \geq 0\}$ .
  - (b)  $\{a^m b^{mn} \mid m, n \geq 0\}$ .
  - (c)  $\{w \in \{a, b, c\}^* \mid \#a(w) > \#b(w) > \#c(w)\}$ .
  - (d)  $\{wvw \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*, v \in \{a, b, c\}^*\}$ .
8. Let  $L$  be a CFL (specified by a CFG or a PDA), and  $R$  a regular language (specified by a DFA or an NFA or a regular expression). Which of the following problems is/are decidable? Supply proofs.
  - (a) Determine whether  $L \subseteq R$ .
  - (b) Determine whether  $R \subseteq L$ .
9. Prove that given a CFG  $G$ , the following problems are undecidable.
  - (a) Determine whether  $\mathcal{L}(G)$  contains a string of the form  $ww$ .
  - (b) Determine whether  $\mathcal{L}(G) = \mathcal{L}(G)^R$ .
10. Prove that the following problems about DFA  $D, D_1, D_2$  over  $\Sigma$  are decidable.
  - (a) Whether  $\mathcal{L}(D) = \emptyset$ .
  - (b) Whether  $\mathcal{L}(D)$  is finite.
  - (c) Whether  $\mathcal{L}(D) = \Sigma^*$ .
  - (d) Whether  $\mathcal{L}(D_1) = \mathcal{L}(D_2)$ .
  - (e) Whether  $\mathcal{L}(D) = \mathcal{L}(D_1)\mathcal{L}(D_2)$ .