CS60082 Computational Number Theory

Class Test 1

Maximum marks: 20 February 11, 2010 Duration: 1 hour

[This test is open-notes. Answer all questions. Be brief and precise.]

1 Let
$$a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$$
 be non-zero integers, and $d = \gcd(a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n)$. Prove that there exist integers u_1, u_2, \ldots, u_n with the property that $u_1 a_1 + u_2 a_2 + \cdots + u_n a_n = d$. (6)

2 Prove that the multivariate linear congruence $a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 + \cdots + a_nx_n \equiv b \pmod{m}$ is solvable for x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n if and only if $\gcd(a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n, m) \mid b$.

| 3 Let p be a prime >3 . Prove that 3 is a quadratic residue modulo p if and only if $p\equiv \pm 1\pmod 1$ | 2). (8) |
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