# CS29003 Algorithms Laboratory Assignment No: 4

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## **Dynamic-Programming Algorithms**

You are given an array  $A = (a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n)$  of n positive integers. If you write the integers in the order they appear in A, and insert symbols + or - before each integer, you get an arithmetic expression. If the evaluation of the expression gives the value v, we say that v is realized (or realizable) by the array A. For example, consider the array (7,12,1,9,5) of five positive integers. We have

$$+7-12-1+9+5 = 8,$$
  
 $-7-12+1-9+5 = -22,$   
 $-7+12-1-9+5 = 0,$ 

that is, the integers 8, -22, 0 are realizable by this array. You are given a target value T. Your task is to find out whether T is realizable by the given array A, and if so, how. Let  $S = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \cdots + a_n$ . Then, for T to be realizable by A, we must have  $-S \le T \le S$ . This condition is however only necessary (but not sufficient). In the five-element example above, 7 + 12 + 1 + 9 + 5 = 34, but an odd integer like 23, despite being in the range [-34, 34], cannot be realized by this array. It is easy to check that the integer 30, although even, is also unrealizable by the array. In the rest of this assignment, we will assume that  $-S \le T \le S$ , and that S and T have the same parity.

#### Part 1

Write a function **realizable** (A, n, T) to decide whether T is realizable by the array A of size n. The function should implement a dynamic-programming approach. Build a two-dimensional table P[0 ... n][-S...S] such that P[i][j] would store the decision whether the value j can be realized by the prefix  $(a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_i)$  of A. For i = 0, we consider no elements from A, so the only realizable value is 0. For  $i \ge 1$ , the value j is realizable by  $(a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_i)$  if and only if either  $j - a_i$  or  $j + a_i$  is (or both are) realizable by  $(a_1, a_2, a_3, ..., a_{i-1})$ . Use this recursive formulation to build the table P in  $\Theta(nS)$  time. The final decision is available as P[n][T].

A couple of implementation issues are in order now. Each row of P should store 2S+1 decisions, and is indexed in the range [-S,S]. In C/C++, negative indexing may lead to devastating consequences, and must be avoided. Elements of a row P[i] of size 2S+1 in a two-dimensional C/C++ array P[i][j] are indexed in the range [0,2S]. This means that the *logical* quantity P[i][j] with  $j \in [-S,S]$  is to be found in the *physical* location P[i][j+s]. The second issue pertains to the table lookup at column indices  $j \pm a_i$ . If any of these indices is not in the range [-S,S], the corresponding lookup should not be made.

In this and the next two parts, do *not* use memoization.

## Part 2

Copy the function of Part 1 to a function **showone** (A, n, T) that follows the same algorithm as Part 1 but additionally prints one way of realizing T (in case T is realizable). There may be multiple ways of realizing the same target value T. It suffices that this function reports any one of these realizations of T. The running time of this function should continue to remain  $\Theta(nS)$ .

#### Part 3

### The main() function

- Read  $n, a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n, T$  from the user.
- Call **realizable** to decide whether *T* is realizable by *A*.
- Call **showone** to print some realization of *T* (provided that *T* is realizable).
- Call showall to print the number  $r \ge 0$  of realizations of T, followed by these r realizations.

## Sample output

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The input array:
81 \quad 78 \quad 38 \quad 32 \quad 78 \quad 68 \quad 30 \quad 53 \quad 54 \quad 81 \quad 76 \quad 30 \quad 97 \quad 3 \quad \  70 \quad 94 \quad 64 \quad 49 \quad 66 \quad \  71
+++ Part 1: Realizability check
   The value -1059 is not realizable
+++ Part 2: One solution
  The value -1059 is not realizable
+++ Part 3: All solutions
   Number of solutions = 0
The input array:
26 \quad 87 \quad 97 \quad 87 \quad 53 \quad 6 \quad 29 \quad 95 \quad 45 \quad 71 \quad 28 \quad 93 \quad 52 \quad 71 \quad 75 \quad 49 \quad 82 \quad 18 \quad 26 \quad 95
+++ Part 1: Realizability check
  The value 873 is realizable
+++ Part 2: One solution
    Solution: +26+87-97+87-53-6+29+95+45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18+26+95 = 873
+++ Part 3: All solutions
   Number of solutions = 29
    \text{Sol} \quad 1 : +26+87-97+87-53-6+29+95+45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18+26+95} = 873
         2: -26+87+97+87+53-6-29-95+45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18+26+95 =
        3 : -26+87+97+87-53-6+29+95+45-71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18+26+95 =
    Sol
    5: +26+87+97+87-53-6+29+95-45+71+28+93-52+71+75+49+82+18+26+95 =
    Sol
    Sol
         6: -26+87+97+87-53-6+29+95+45+71+28+93+52-71+75+49+82+18+26+95 =
    501 \quad 7 : +26+87+97+87-53+6+29+95+45+71-28+93+52+71-75+49+82+18+26+95 =
         8: +26+87+97+87+53+6-29+95+45+71+28+93-52+71-75+49+82+18+26+95 =
   Sol
                                                                            873
         9: -26+87+97+87-53+6+29+95+45+71-28+93+52+71+75-49+82+18+26+95 =
    Sol
    Sol 11: -26+87+97+87+53-6+29+95+45+71+28+93+52+71-75-49+82+18+26+95 =
                                                                            873
        12 : +26+87+97+87+53+6-29+95-45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49-82+18+26+95 =
    sol 13: +26-87+97+87+53-6+29+95-45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82-18+26+95 = 
    Sol 14: +26+87+97-87+53-6+29+95-45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82-18+26+95 =
        15 : +26+87+97+87+53+6+29+95-45+71+28-93+52+71+75+49+82-18+26+95 =
    Sol 16: +26+87+97+87+53-6-29+95+45+71-28+93+52+71-75+49+82-18+26+95 =
    Sol 17: -26+87+97+87+53-6-29+95+45+71-28+93+52+71+75-49+82-18+26+95 =
        18: +26+87+97+87+53-6-29-95+45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18-26+95 =
        19: -26+87+97+87-53-6+29+95-45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18-26+95 =
    \texttt{Sol} \quad 20 \; : \; +26+87+97+87-53-6+29+95+45-71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18-26+95 \; = \; \\
        21 : +26+87+97+87-53-6+29+95+45+71+28+93+52-71+75+49+82+18-26+95 =
        22: -26+87+97+87+53+6-29+95+45+71+28+93+52+71-75+49+82+18-26+95 =
    Sol 24: +26+87+97+87+53+6-29+95+45+71+28+93-52+71+75-49+82+18-26+95 =
                                                                            873
        25 : +26+87+97+87+53-6+29+95+45+71+28+93+52+71-75-49+82+18-26+95 =
    Sol 26: -26+87+97+87+53-6+29+95+45+71-28+93-52+71+75+49+82-18-26+95 = 873
    Sol 27: +26+87+97+87+53-6-29+95+45+71-28+93+52+71+75-49+82-18-26+95 = 873
        28: -26+87+97+87+53-6-29+95+45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18+26-95 =
    sol \quad 29 : +26+87+97+87+53-6-29+95+45+71+28+93+52+71+75+49+82+18-26-95 = 873
```

Submit a single C/C++ source file. Do not use global/static variables.