

Some Examples

Integer Exponent Function

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

Parameters

```
int power(int x, int n)
```

```
{
```

```
int i,SUM;
```

```
SUM=1;
```

```
SUM=1;
```

```
for(i=1;i<=n;i++) SUM=SUM*x;
```

```
return(SUM);
```

```
}
```

```
main()
{
int x,y,z,n,SUM;
```

*Values of x,y,z and n ?
x=1 y=2 z=3 n=4
The result is 98*

```
printf("Values of x,y,z and n ? \n");
scanf("%d%d%d%d",&x,&y,&z,&n);
printf("x=%d y=%d z=%d n=%d \n",x,y,z,n);
```

SUM = power(x,n) + power(y,n) + power(z,n);

```
printf("The result is %d \n",SUM);
}
```

Parameter passed as a value

```
#include <stdio.h>

void swap (int a, int b)
{
    int temp;

    temp=a;
    a=b;
    b=temp;
}
```

```
main()
{
int x,y;
```

```
x=10; y=15;
printf("x=%d y=%d \n",x,y);
swap(x,y);
printf("x=%d y=%d \n",x,y);
}
```

```
x=10 y=15
x=10 y=15
```

Global vs. Local

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
/* These are global variables */
```

```
int a,b,c;
```

```
process_1(int b)
```

```
{
```

```
int a;
```

```
/* Both a and b are local variables */
```

```
a=b;
```

```
printf("Value of a is %d \n",a);
```

```
}
```

Value of a is 5
Value of a is 10
Value of a is 4

```
process_2()
```

```
{
```

```
/* a and b are global variables */
```

```
a=b;
```

```
printf("Value of a is %d \n",a);
```

```
}
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
int a;
```

```
/* a is a local variable but  
b is the global one */
```

```
a=4; b=5;
```

```
process_2(); process_1(10);
```

```
printf("Value of a is %d \n",a);
```

```
}
```

Use of 'extern'

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define PI 3.14
```

<math.h> NOT included.

```
extern double sin(double);
extern double cos(double);
```

```
main()
{
    double R,theta,x,y;
```

\$cc prog.c -lm

```
printf("Give polar co-ordinate values of R and theta \n");
scanf("%lf%lf",&R,&theta);
printf("R=%lf theta=%lf\n",R,theta);
```

```
theta=PI*theta/180;
x=R*cos(theta);
y=R*sin(theta);
```

*Give polar co-ordinate values of R and theta
R=3.000000 theta=60.000000
Cartesian coordinates: x=1.501379 y=2.597280*

```
printf("Cartesian coordinates. x=%lf y=%lf \n",x,y),
}
```

Date Conversion from Indian to US Convention

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

int conv_date(char indian[ ],char us[ ])
{
    if((strlen(indian)!=8) || (indian[2]!='/') || (indian[5]!='/'))      return 0;

    us[0]=indian[3]; us[1]=indian[4]; us[2]='-';
    us[3]=indian[0]; us[4]=indian[1]; us[5]='-';
    if(indian[6]>'4') { us[6]='1'; us[7]='9';}
        else      { us[6]='2'; us[7]='0';}      Convert 2 digit year to 4 digit one

    us[8]=indian[6];
    us[9]=indian[7];
    us[10]='\0';  
    Append '\0' to make it a string.

    return 1;
}
```

Return if date not given properly

Swap date and month fields.

Replace ‘/’ by ‘-’

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
char ind[9], US[11];
```

```
printf("Give date in Indian convention: \n");
```

```
scanf("%s",ind);
```

```
If (conv_date(ind,US))
```

```
printf("Converted date in US convention : %s \n",US);
```

```
else printf("Error in Input Format (dd/mm/yy) \n");
```

```
}
```

Give date in Indian convention:

23/03/95

Converted date in US convention : 03-23-1995

Compare two strings

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

Parameters passed as character array

```
int my_strcmp(char s1[ ],char s2[ ])
```

{ *Compare character pairs till the end of a string*

```
    int i=0;
```

```
        while(s1[i]!='\0' && s2[i]!='\0') {
```

```
            if(s1[i]!=s2[i]) return(s1[i]-s2[i]);
```

```
            else i++;
```

```
        }
```

```
    return(s1[i]-s2[i]);
```

```
}
```

*Return immediately if they
are not equal.*

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
char string1[100],string2[100];
```

```
printf("Give two strings \n");
```

```
scanf("%s%s",string1,string2),
```

```
printf("Comparison result : %d \n",
```

```
my_strcmp(string1,string2));
```

```
}
```

*Give two strings
IITKGP IITMUMBAI
Comparison result : -2*

*Give two strings
KOLKATA KOLKATA
Comparison result : 0*